The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,888—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free to India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHANDA," 2,021 Tons, on THURSDAY, 5th August, 1880, at 2 P. M., calling at Carwar Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Chupalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order weather permitting.

CONVEYANCE TO THE NILGHERRY HILLS.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daylight, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Metteypolum, where they will arrive at 7-45 P. M., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, on TUESDAY, 3rd August, at 4 P. M., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on SATURDAY, 31st July, 1880, at 10 A.M.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, DELAGOA BAY, HODEIDAH AND JEDDAH.

THE S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on MONDAY, 23rd August, Cargo and passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and bills of lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 29th July 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. B. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 1st *of each Month*, on the 1st

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	½	Rs. 140	½	Rs. 40
Suez	360	,, 220	Without Wine.	,, 160	Without Wine.	,, 80
Port Said	380	,, 240		,, 180		,, 100
Messina	500	,, 340		,, 260		,, 140
Naples	500	,, 340		,, 260		,, 140
Leghorn	500	,, 340		,, 260		,, 140
Genoa	500	,, 340		,, 260		,, 140
Marseilles	520	,, 350		,, 270		,, 145

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

MANILLA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st August, 1880.

INDIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st September, 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 A. M. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,

Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,

No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 1st July 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL.

VIA MALTA.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	1880.
SPEKE HALL	2700	400	W. Brand, about	31st July
BRANKSOME HALL	2100	300	M. Collin	7th Aug.
CITY OF BALTIMORE	2300	300	J. Verril	21st Aug.
TRENTHAM HALL	2100	200	Geo. Shaw	4th Sept.
RYDAL HALL	2100	200	D. Gloyd	18th Sept.

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade.

Each steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, handbooks of information and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co. } Agents.

Bombay, 5th June 1880.

ANCHOR LINE

OF

TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN AND INDIAN STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

	Commanders.	Tons.	H. P.	Nominal.
S. S. HISPANIA	James Laird	3930	400	about 14th Aug.
S. S. MACEDONIA	A. C. McFee	3172	486	,, 28th Aug.
S. S. SIDONIAN		1235	268	To follow.
S. S. ITALIA	Thos. S. Knox	2245	424	,, ,,
S. S. INDIA	R. Read	2289	500	,, ,,
S. S. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchison	3060	400	,, ,,
S. S. OLYMPIA	John Craig	2950	424	,, ,,

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.

Each steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to		
New York		Rs. 600
,, ,,	Liverpool	,, 450
,, ,,	Marseilles and Genoa	,, 400
,, ,,	Naples	,, 400

For plans, handbooks of information, and for any further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service either from Greenock or from London.

There are weekly sailings from either place.

NOTICE.

HALL LINE.

S. S. SPEKE HALL,

FOR LIVERPOOL

WILL sail positively on SATURDAY, the 31st instant.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 26th July 1880.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING,

ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order at moderate prices.

Also,

WOODCUTS of every description engraved at shortest notice and at moderate prices.

Specimens may be seen at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
— VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	31st July.
(s) DECCAN	3439	550	W. B. Andrews	7th Aug.
— SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	14th do.
(s) ZAMBESI	3431	570	A. Symons	21st do.
— TANJORE	2263	45	G. Scrivener	28th do.
(s) AUSTRALIA	3664	600	G. F. Cates	4th Sept
— MONGOLIA	2838	530	E. M. Edmond	11th do.
(s) KAISAR-I-HIND	4 23	700	R. Methven	18th do.
— SURAT	3142	530	W. E. Breeze	27th do.
(s) POONAH	3139	550	C. G. Perrins	2nd Oct.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
KHIVA	2699	450	T. Alderton	30th July.
LOMBARDY	2723	450	G. N. Hector	13th August.
NIZAM	2725	450	C. F. Brady	27th do.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
BANGALORE	2342	450	H. Wyatt	30th July.
LOMBARDY	2723	450	G. N. Hector	13th August.
SIAM	2725	450	C. F. Brady	27th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 P. M. on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,

Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 29th July 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.

F. D. PARKER,

Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 29th March 1880.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF RICE, SWEEPINGS, &c., &c.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Carnac Bunder in the B. I. S. N. Company's go down:—

A quantity of rice sweepings, &c., &c.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 30th July 1880.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

SALE FOR REMOVAL MATERIALS OF A C. IRON-TILED TEMPORARY SHED AT THE UNIVERSITY ROAD FORT.

Under instructions from the Architectural Executive Engineer, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 4th August 1880, at 3 P.M., on the premises, the materials of the said shed for removal, consisting of a quantity of corrugated iron sheets, teak trusses, posts, purlins, plank walls and flooring, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 30th July, 1880.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 30th instant, sale commencing at 1 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Chowpatty, near the Police Superintendent's house, the valuable and handsome carved and French polished household furniture, glass and porcelain ware, a mahogany trimsular bicord pianoforte by Joseph Kirkman and Son, an Evans cottage harmonium by Bussey and Ching, London, a sewing machine by Wilcox and Gibbs, 8 day clock by French Royal Exchange, London, real China flower vases and jars, a bamboo shaped dogcart, &c., the property of a Parsee gentleman, the same comprises star-cut and plain glass ware, dinner and breakfast services, carved and French polished teakwood and blackwood drawing room, dining, p ir. card, side, washhand and dressing tables, conversation sofa, reclining and half back couches, drawing room, easy, folding and mallet and Madras pattern arm and without arm chairs, side board, teapoys, chiffonier, toilet stand, writing tables, fourposts bedsteads, baby's cots, clothes presses, baby's sewings, dressing glasses, a musical box playing 8 airs, Brussels and oil carpets, 12 and 8 light hanging argand lamps, 6 light chandelier, pier glasses, oil paintings and engravings, real China flower vases and jars, table ornaments, flower vases, single harness, iron stove, coffee roasting machine, etc.

Property on view.

SALE OF ORANGE TWIST.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 3 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, 2,13 bales orange twist No. 40s.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 31st instant, sale commencing at 1 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public Auction at No. 33, Middle Colaba, near the Post Office chowkey, the valuable and handsome carved and French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated, glass and porcelain ware, a mahogany square pinaforte, by Collard and Collard, and Co, the property or Captain F. Stokes, Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles Corps, the same comprises rich star-cut glassware, handsome dinner, dessert, and breakfast services, best plated cruet, pickle, and egg frames, tea service, curry dishes, table spoons and forks, ice pitcher, ivory handled dessert knives and forks, table, piano and chamber candlesticks, salvers, dish covers, cutlery and hand-omely carved and French polished blackwood and teakwood furniture, comprising drawing room, dining, pier side, writing washh and and dressing tables, conversation and reclining couches, tete-a tete drawing room, easy and Madras pattern arm and without arm chairs, sideboard, dumb waiter, a sweet toned mahogany square pianoforte by Collard and Collard and Co, English made lady's writing table, toilet stands, teapoys, chiffoniers, green painted bedstead, camp cot, almyra, clothes press, chest of drawers, dressing glasses, hanging and table lamps table ornaments, flower vases, Brussels and Cambay carpets, bath room furniture, &c.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

Also the property of another gentleman.

A double-barrelled central fire gun, 12-bore, modified choke, with rebounding locks, by W. W. Greener, with solid leather case.

AUCTION SALE OF TEAK SCANTLINGS, at the G. I. P. Railway Workshops at Parell.

On MONDAY next, the 2nd August at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Parell,

A large quantity of teak scantlings of various sizes and suitable for many varieties of work in lots which are arranged on the premises and which could be seen on application to the undersigned.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, next, the 2nd August at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

10 bales grey shirtings.
10 ,, ,, dhoties.
5 cases prints.
25 boxes sparkling hock.
25 dozen madeira.

The stock in trade of an up country merchant consisting of pieces of Cashmere cloth ready made suits flannel and cotton shirts, towels, socks, children stockings, napkins, Broach table cloths, lady's shawls, table covers, Turkish caps, sapphire rugs, &c.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE GIRGAUM, BACK ROAD.

Under instructions from the mortgagee, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, on SATURDAY, the 14th August, 1880, at 3 P.M., the following valuable landed property, in pursuance of the power conferred in the indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 2nd day of June 1869, and executed by Mr Jejibhoy Jehangir Lam, viz:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage or dwelling house and tenement standing thereon, situate on the north side of Girgaum Back Road, in the island of Bombay, and registered No. 2211, in the sub-district of Bhoiwada, which said messuage is assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 301, and which said piece or parcel of land is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 146 and contains by admeasurement two hundred and forty-eight square yards and four-ninths of a square yard be the same a little more or less, and is bounded on the east by the house of Manekji Byramji Cooper, on the west by the first Parsee Adi Guly, on the north by the house of Hormusji Bhicaji Cooper and on the south by the said Girgaum Back Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 30th July, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1869.

IN THE LONDON BANKRUPTCY COURT.

A SECOND DIVIDEND of THREE SHILLINGS and THREE PENCE in the Pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with Creditors, instituted by ANDREW ARCHIBALD BUCHANAN and HERBERT MUSGRAVE PHIPSON, of 17 and 18, Cornhill, in the City of London, and 21, Cockspur Street, in the County of Middlesex, lately trading together in partnership with JAMES ALEXANDER FORBES, now of Bombay, under the style or firm of "J. A. FORBES and Co." as East India and General Agents, and Commission Merchants, the said ANDREW ARCHIBALD BUCHANAN residing at 42, Wigmore Street, in the County of Middlesex, and the said HERBERT MUSGRAVE PHIPSON at 14, Connaught Square, in the County of Middlesex, and will be paid by me at my offices Nos. 3, 4, and 5 Queen's Street, Cheapside, in the city of London on and after THURSDAY, the 29th day of July 1880, between the hours of eleven and two o'clock.

W. L. CLIFTON BROWNE.

Trustee.

* London Bankruptcy Court [or the County Court of—, holden at—.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT,

MANUFACTURED BY

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT COMPANY,

THE ONLY Preparation AUTHORISED to be called by the above name, by BARON LIEBIG, the Inventor.

2 oz. Jars, Cash Rs. 1-2. 4 oz. Jars, Cash Rs. 2-0.

The Public are recommended to the use of this particular Preparation, as there are sold many others of inferior quality and strength, whose effect will but disappoint the Purchaser.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.),

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE TURKISH CRISIS.

REDUCED PRICE.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.

NARRATIVE OF A JOURNEY

BY

GRATTAN GEARY.

With a Map and Illustrations.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

A few Copies left to be disposed of at reduced price. Rs. 6-8; Postage, Annas 8.

(*From the Russian "Golos."*)

The Author keeps strictly within the domain of fact; and, with great fairness, tells all he saw during his long journey over Asiatic Turkey. He does not exaggerate that which reflects discredit upon the Turks, nor does he withhold anything testifying in their favour.

* * * *

Mr. Geary directs the attention of his readers to the fact that Russia, having possessed herself of Kars, now actually occupies in Asiatic Turkey the strongest strategic position. At any time she chooses she can annihilate Turkish power in Mesopotamia and Syria.

* * * *

Mr. Geary states that the tribes inhabiting those parts feel extremely dissatisfied with the Turkish rule.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE,

or at the Booksellers.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

In the GOODS, CHATTELS, CREDITS, and EFFECTS of SHREERAM MOOLCHUND, late of Bombay, Hindoo, deceased.

MOOLCHUND LALCHUND, the father of the said deceased ..... Applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the APPLICANT abovenamed has made an application to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction for a grant to him of LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION of the Goods, Chattels, Credits, and Effects of the abovenamed deceased. ALL PERSONS concerned therein are hereby apprised there of.—Dated this 29th day of July 1880.

HEARN, CLEVELAND, AND LITTLE,

Applicant's Attorneys.

COOPER AND COMPANY.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
Ali Sloper's Sentimental Journey, by C H Ross	.. 0	10
Beginner's Drill-Book of English Grammar, by J Burton	1	0
Braithwaite's Retrospect of Medicine, January to June, 1880	4	4
Chinese Buddhism, Sketches, Historical, Descriptive and Critical, by Rev J Edkins	.. 11	4
Chinese Stories for Boys and Girls, by A E Mowle	.. 1	0
Classic and Italian Painting, by R J Poynter	.. 3	0
Critical Essays and Literary Notes, by B Taylor	.. 6	12
Cure of Souls, by J M Cobban	.. 1	4
Elihu Burritt, His Life and Labours, by C Northend	.. 4	12
Essays on Art and Archæology, by C T Newton	.. 8	0
Field-Marshal Count Moltke, 1800—1878, by W Müller	.. 0	10
Glimpses of the Globe, by J R Blakiston	.. 0	10
,, Through the Canon-Smoke, by A Forbes	.. 4	12
Home Nursing and how to Help in Cases of Accident, by S Baxton	.. 1	8
Home Treasures Useful Hints for the Household	.. 0	10
Hour will Come from the German, by Clara Bell, 2 vols	.. 2	8
In a Winter City, by Ouida	.. 1	4
Indian Fiscal Administration, by J Hector	.. 2	8
Indian Industries, by A C F Eliot James	.. 5	12
La Belle Marie, by R M Ketlie	.. 2	4
Law of Merchants Shipping and Freight, by J T Foard	.. 13	4
Leaves from the Ash, by M Field	.. 3	12
Less Black Than We're Painted, by J Payn	.. 1	4
Little Folks' Nature Painting Book, by G Weatherly	.. 0	10
London Society, Vol. XXXVII.	.. 6	12
Lost Rose, by K. S. Macquoid	.. 1	4
Magistrates' Pocket Guide, by T Baker	.. 1	8
Maid, Wife or Widow, by Mrs Alexander	.. 1	4
Manual of Blowpipe An lysis, by W A Rors	.. 0	10
Memories of My Exile, by L Kossuth	.. 6	12
My Marriage	.. 0	10
My Young Alcides, by C M Yonge	.. 3	12
Nature's Byeoparths, by J E Taylor	.. 4	12
New Parliament, 1880, by W Saunders	.. 3	12
On the Nile, by M S K Hunt	.. 2	4
On Preservation of Health in India, by Sir J Fayrer	.. 0	10
On Slight Ailments, by L S Beale	.. 3	4
Our Feminus	.. 0	10
Philosophy of Charles Dickens, by Hon A S G Canning	.. 4	12
Picked up in the Streets, by R Rowe	.. 3	12
Plain Hints for Examinees—Needlework	.. 1	0
Political Economy for the People, by J L Shadwell	.. 1	0
Pope Alexander, by L Stephen (English Men of Letters)	.. 1	8
Progress of the World, by M G Nulhall	.. 8	0
Races of Afghanistan, being a Brief Account of the Principal Nations Inhabiting that Country, by H W Bellew.	.. 4	12
Ralph Rollington's School-days	.. 0	10
Rattlin the Reefer	.. 0	10
Red-Rose Chain, by M Symington	.. 3	4
Reed Farm, by Mrs R O'Reilly	.. 1	8
Rival Doctors, by H Van Laun	.. 2	4
Round the World in 124 days, by R W Leyland	.. 8	0
Sea and the Moor, by R M Ketlie	.. 1	4
Seamy Side, by W Besant	.. 2	4
Signor Monaldini's Niece (Novel of Italian Life)	.. 3	12
Soldiers of the Victorian Age, by C R Low, vols. 2	.. 18	12
Spirit of Nature, by H B Baildon	.. 3	12
Stereotyping and Electrotyping, by J F Wilson	.. 3	4
Test Questions on English Literature and History, by T M Maguire	.. 1	8
Under One Roof, by J Payn	.. 2	4
What He Cost Her, by J Payn	.. 1	4
Wild Africa, the Benighted Continent of To-day, by T A Bullock	.. 2	4
With the Armies of the Balkans and at Gallipoli, by Fitz Cookson	.. 3	4
Wonders of the World, by Uncle John	.. 0	10
Wolborpe-By-Stamford, by C Holdich	.. 2	4

NEW FRENCH NOVELS.

A La Recherche Du Bonheur, par C Epheyre	..	2 4
Bonne Maison Fraiche, par F Cherbuliez	..	2 4
Ariadne, par H Gréville	..	2 4
Christiane, par Andrée Gerard	..	2 4
Claire Aubertin, par Hector Gréville	..	2 0
Claire Aubertin, par Vices Parisiens	..	2 4
Contes A Ninon, par E Zola	..	2 4
Contes de Toutes Les Couleurs, par M M Edmond About	..	2 4
Croquis, par H Greville	..	2 0
Dette D'Honneur, par P Saunière	..	1 0
Elisabeth Couronneau, par L Hennique	..	2 0
Epouse On Mere, par A de Lavergne	..	1 0
Grecque, par J Lauber	..	2 4
Henriette Grey, par E Monteil	..	2 4
Histoire De Law, par A Thiers	..	2 8
Histoire de la Navigation, par Zurcher and Margolle	..	2 8
Histoire d'un Trop Bon Chien, par Le Mis. De Cherville	..	2 12
Jean de Thommeray, par J Sandeau	..	2 4
La Bataede, par X. de Montepin, 2 vols	..	3 12
La Blonde Lisbeth, par C Immermann	..	2 4
La Capitana, par L Biart	..	2 4
La Chasse A L'Herltiere, par C D'Osson	..	2 4
La Chevre-Blanche, par J De Landerose	..	2 4
La Clique Doree, par E Gaboriau	..	2 4
La Comtesse Hedwige, par Henry Roy	..	2 4
La Corde Au Cou, par E Gaboriau	..	2 4
La Curee, par E Zola	..	2 4
La Famille Cavalie, par A Delvit, 2 vols	..	3 12
La Femme de Glace, par A Belot	..	2 0
La Fievre de L'Inconnu, par A Belot	..	2 0
La Fortune Des Rougon, par E Zola	..	2 4
La Grande Florine, par A Belot	..	2 0
La Maison de Maurcez, par H Greville	..	2 4
La Maison des Deux Barbeaux, par A Theurist	..	2 4
La Majorite De Mlle. Bridot, par C Deslys	..	2 4
La Nianis, par H Greville	..	1 0
La Pasquette, par Champfleury	..	2 4
La Princesse Aldee, par E Cadol	..	2 4
La Princesse Ogheri, par H Greville	..	2 4
La Revanche de Joseph Noirel, par V Cherbuliez	..	2 4
La Vie D'Estee Et Ses Trailles, par G Aimard	..	2 0
L'Affaire Lerouge, par E Gaboriau	..	2 4
L'Amie, par H Greville	..	2 4
L'Assommoir, par E Zola	..	2 4
L'Automne D'Une Femme	..	2 4
Le Cabinet Noir, par Sacher-Masoch	..	2 4
Le Capitaine D'Aventure, par L Aimard	..	2 4
Le Chateau de Fougeraie, par C Chevault	..	2 4
Le Chateau Des Epines, par L Ulbach	..	2 4
Le Dernier de Lyon, par P Zaccone	..	2 0
L'Etoile de Jean, par M Uchard	..	2 4
L'Evade, par Henri Rochefort	..	2 4
L'Invasion ou le Fou Yegof, par Erckmann-Chatrian	..	2 4
Le Grillon Du Moulin, par P Du Terrail	..	2 4
L Heritage de Jean Tournioi, par F du Boisgobey	..	2 4
L'Heritage de Xenie, par H. Frevelle	..	2 4
Le Journal D'Une Femme, par C Feuillet	..	2 4
L'Hetman Maxime, par Etienne	..	2 4
L'Homme aux Cent Louis, par H G de Genouillac	..	2 4
L'Idee de Jean Tetero', par V Cherbuliez	..	2 4
L'Idole d'un Jour, par H de la Madeleo	..	2 4
L'Inconnolee, par Une Preface, par A Dumas Fils	..	2 4
Le Mariage de Loti Ravahn, par L D'Aziyade	..	2 4
Le Manil-Au-Bois, par C Deslys	..	1 0
Le Monde S ns-Maris, par L E Margolle	..	2 4
Le Pacte de Famine, par E Berthet	..	1 0
Le Retour de la Princesse, par J Vincent	..	2 4
Le Roman Dans L'Histoire, par E. A. Chevalet	..	2 4
Le Roman de Deux Jennes Filles, par H Riviere	..	2 4
Le Roman d'un Brave Homme, par E About	..	2 4
Le Roman d'une Villiste, par E Lavrine	..	2 4
Le Tambour de Montmirail, par F du Boisgobey, 2 vols	..	2 0
Le Ventre de Paris, par E Zola	..	2 4
Les Amours de Philippe, par O Feuillet	..	2 4
Les Buveurs de Poison Noele, par L Ulbach	..	2 4
Les Deceptions Amoureuses, par H Ben	..	2 0
Les Drames A Toute Vapeur, par G Debans	..	2 4
Les Drames Du Cloitre, par E Berthet	..	2 4
Les Epreuves de Raissa, par H Greville	..	2 4
Les Rivaux Amis, par E Belot	..	2 4
Les Fondateurs de L'Astronomie, par J Bertrand	..	2 4
Les Roumissins, par H Greville	..	2 4
Les Noces Pantagruliques, par Pigeonneau	..	2 4
Les Nouveaux Jesuites, par J Bertrand	..	2 4
Les Rois En Exil, par A Daudet	..	2 4
Les So rees de Medan, par E Zola	..	2 4
Lucie Robey, par H Greville	..	2 4
Madame Becaik, par Vast-Ricouard	..	2 4
Madame Bovenir-e, par E Daudet	..	2 4
Mademoiselle, par J Sandeau	..	2 4
Mademoiselle de Cagliostro, par M de Lescure	..	2 4
Mademoiselle Giraud Ma Femme, par A Belot	..	2 4
Marier Sa Fille, par H Greville	..	2 4
Memoires de Tante Gertrude, par Sayge	..	2 4
Meta Holdenie, par V Cherbuliez	..	2 4
Miss Rovel, par V Cherbuliez	..	2 4
Monseigneur, par P Saunière	..	2 0
Monsieur Lecoq, par E Gaboriau, 2 vols	..	4 8
Nana, par E Zola	..	2 4
Nouveaux Contes A Ninon, par E Zola	..	2 4
Oeuvres Posthumes, par R. Lindau	..	2 4
Petites Comedies du Sourire, par P Audebrand	..	2 4
Plik Et Plok Atar Gull, par E Sue	..	1 0
Prosper Randoge, par V Cherbuliez	..	2 4
Rence Avec Une Preface, par H Lavoie	..	2 4
Reparation, par L Ulbach	..	2 4
Samuel Brohl Et Cie, par V Cherbuliez	..	2 4
Sans Famille, par H Malot, 2 vols.	..	3 12
Seraphine, par Vast-Ricouard	..	2 4
Son Excellence Eugene Rougon, par E Zola	..	2 4
Sonia, par H Greville	..	2 4
Stella-Lucia Amour-Charite, par S de la Faverie	..	2 0
Toute Seule, par Andre Theuriet	..	2 4
Trois Femmes M'ont Perdu, par D Bisguet	..	2 4
Un Brilliant Mariage, par E Carlen	..	2 8
Une Princess Russe, par E Gonzales	..	1 8
Un Remords, par M Bentzon	..	2 4
Voyage au Pays Des Trignes, par V Tissot	..	2 4
Voyage et Aventures, par B de Wogan	..	2 8

COOPER AND COMPANY,

MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

INDIA TO ENGLAND by THE LEVANT AND THE DANUBE. Re-printed from the *Bombay Gazette*.

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TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED.

PHARMACISTS & DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

The Phar

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 29.

The disastrous news from Kandahar apparently had an instantaneous effect on the values of Government Securities at home, although the decline quoted in Reuter's telegrams of yesterday is as yet only very slight. Consols gave way ¼, being quoted at 97¾. French Rentes were unchanged at Frcs. 119. In Indian Government Loans a decline of ¼ is reported in Fours, and of ¼ in Fours-and-a-half per cent., and it is only natural that in these Securities there may be some temporary depreciation.

The London Produce markets yesterday were, as a rule, unchanged, but Seeds and Wheat were quiet, and prices, in some instances 6d. per quarter lower. Metals were as last quoted, viz., Copper Braziers £71, Australian Tiles £73-10, Yellow Metal 6d. per lb. Hard Spelter £13-10. per ton.

In Manchester the Piece Goods market yesterday was steady, and in Liverpool the day's sales of Cotton amounted to 8,000 bales, of which 600 bales were Surats. Supplies were freely offered, but prices on the spot were unchanged. To arrive L. M. Uplands for July delivery was quoted at 6 23-32d. per lb., and for August-September at 6¾d. per lb. The New York telegrams of yesterday report a decline of 1-16d. per lb. in ready Mid. Uplands, which is quoted at 11 9-16. cents per lb. Futures for October delivery were 5 cents per lb. dearer, and quoted at 10·51 cents per lb. The Receipts at the U. S. ports to date are as follows:—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
Wednesday's Receipts ...	2,000	500	500
Five days do.	9000	1,900	2,100
Total since 1st Sept	4,869,600	4,427,100	4,221,300

At the periodical bidding for Government Bills on India yesterday, the full amount of Rs. 30,00,000 was allotted at an average rate of Is. 8 3 16d. per Rupee; the allotments were as follows:—to Calcutta Rs. 28,70,000, to Madras Rs. 10,000, and to Bombay Rs. 1,20,000. The amount to be offered next week will again be 30 lakhs.

Bar Silver closed firm at 52¾d. per oz.

STERLING EXCHANGE.—Business has been excessively quiet here to-day, and although the telegrams received this afternoon from Kandahar are somewhat more reassuring, further details are anxiously looked for. The sale of Council Bills in London yesterday went off quite as was generally anticipated; and notwithstanding the fact that no reduction has been made in the quantity to be offered next week, rates of Exchange have ruled steady here to-day, but with very little doing either here or in Calcutta. Closing quotations are as follows, viz:—

Bank Bills, on demand	... Is. 8 7-32d.	per Re.
" 3 months' sight	Is. 8 7-32d.	"
Credits 3	" ... Is. 8 15-32d.	"
Documents 3	" ... Is. 8¼d.	"
Francs 3	" ... 2-16	"

On Calcutta rates are still quoted at 1-16 premium for demand drafts and ¼ discount for 60 days' sight bills.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Owing to the unfavourable Afghan news there were very few sellers this morning at our quotations, and a large amount of Four and Four-and-a-half per cent. Paper was offered, which was promptly purchased by a Bank, and at the close there are fewer sellers. We quote:—

Govt. Paper 4	per cent. loan ... Rs. 95	to 96
" 4½	per cent. do ... "	101½
Port Trust Bonds ...	... "	99½
Municipal 5 per cent. loans ...		103½

SHARES.—The market has been quiet to-day, influenced by the drop in Government Paper. In Land Companies Colaba have given way Rs. 10, and in Press Companies Berars Rs. 12½. In Spinning and Weaving Companies Bombay United, Morarjees, and Orientals have all given way Rs. 10 per share, Coorlas Rs. 25, Khandeish Rs. 15, Khatao Maconjee Rs. 20, and Soondardass Rs. 15 per share. There are no changes reported in Miscellaneous scrip.

COTTON.—The market here keeps quiet but steady. A further advance is reported in the price for New Oomras in the Berars owing to the continued scarcity of rain. We quote as follows:—

Good Oomra ...	Rs. 205	per candy.
F. G. F. " ...	" 198	"
Good Dholleral " ...	" 203	"
G. F. " ...	" 195	"
G. F. Compta ...	" 195	"
F. G. F. S. G. Dharwar ...	" 200	"

LINSEED continues difficult of sale at Rs. 6-12 to Rs. 6-13 per cwt.

RAPESEED is quiet at Rs. 6 per cwt.

WHEAT, with unfavourable accounts from home, is again rather easier, and Soft White is procurable at Rs. 2-31 per candy.

FREIGHTS.—There is little enquiry even to 20s. per ton for Liverpool via Canal. Continental rates are unchanged.

IMPORTS.—There is a moderate enquiry for Copper and Yellow Metal, but at low rates. Goods of Yarns are quiet but steady.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	29,000	500	500	5 p. ct	750
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	8 do	755
Bank of Madras	10,000	250	all	8 do	625xd
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do	122
Chartd Bk. L. & C	40,000	20	all	6 do	275
Chartd Mercantile	30,000	25	all	6 do	280
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	282	all	8 do	400
National Bank of India.	37,320	25	12½	5 do	106
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do	280

LAND COMPANIES.

New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925	2 p. ct	670
Frere Land	7,500	150	150	100	36
Masagon Land &c ...	5,000	2,000	2,000	*	25xd
Port Canning Co.	* 2000	1,400	1,400	13	202
	* P. T. Bond.				

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-5	5 p. ct	312
Do New £20 shares..	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	6-7-2	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-18-1	do	32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,100
Do. New £25 Shares..	...	£18	19-5-15	do	365

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	1,025
Albert Ginning Co. ...	100	500	all	18 p. ct	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	12½	1,175
Apollo Press Co., (small shares)	750	2,400	2,200	32	340
Bailey	625	1,000	1000	20 p. s.	500
Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	600	500	all	50	445
New Indian Press ...	1,000	350	350	14	130
Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co	1,400	250	all	10	42
Colaba Press Co.	500	1,880	1,880	20	660
Dholleri Press and Ginning Co	800	300	all	18	300
East India Press Co. ...	700	1,000	1,000	100	1,010
Fort Press Co	150	8,500	8,500	5½	1,750
French Press Co.	300	500	all	80	455
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	9	253
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	3	262
Prince of W. Press ...	120	....	1,100	72	600
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., ...	100	1,300	750	112	1,220
Sassoon Press Co. ...	375	500	500	22	375
Volkart's Press Co. ...	450	1,000	all	50	654

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Co.	600	1,000	1,000	90	960
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Co	30,000	100	100	9½	81
Alfred Manufacturing Co.	2,000	500	500	15	521
Alliance Spinning	600	2,500	all	65 p. s	1840
Bhowanigur Mills	800	2,000	1,000	100	230
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	945
Central India S. W. & W. Co.	2,500	500	5*	60	700
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	20	675
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	35	3824
Empress S. and W. Co...	1,500	500	all	...	510
Golam Baba Spinning Co.	1,000	500	400	20	510
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	4	1,075
Hydrabad Spinning Co.	700	1,000	1,000	100	575
Jaffer Ali Spinning Co...	600	500	500	50	675
Jewraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	940
Khandelah	740	1,000	1,000	30	990
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	820
Madras	350	1,250	1,250	75	830
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,200
Monockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	50	1,275
Masagon Spinning Co...	2,000	500	500	35	155
Morarjee Goculdas	1,500	1,000	1,000	40	1,160
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	40	925
New Great Eastern	1,470	1,000	1,000	20 p. s.	1,030
Oriental	4,000	625	625	...	640
Prince of Wales' Spinning Co	1,500	500	500	...	227
Sassoon S. & W. Co....	1,500	1,000	1,000	30	700
Sholapore Mills	800	1,000	1,000	30	1,060
Soondercas	750	1,000	1,000	75	905
Victoria Mills	554	1,000	1,000	60½	600

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	80	695
Bombay Ice Manufactory & Co., Limited ..	1,250	100	100	10 p. ct	A 135 B 121
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	2,110
Indian Guarantee Surety ship Association	5,000	100	10	15 p. ct.	10
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	36	390
Mechanics' Buildings Co.	4,000	50	50	8 p. ct.	20
Oriental Govt. Security Life Assurance Co...	5,000	200	50	..	50
Oriental Loan Association	8,000	20	20	10 p. ct	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1000	1,000	85	965
Thrasher & Co	2,000	500	all	75	725
Thacker & Co	1,200	100	100	15	125

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic for the weekending 24th July 1880.

Open, 444 miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	12,062	0	0
Merchandize	57,405	0	0
Telegraph	427	0	0
Other Receipts	500	0	0
Total Rs.	90,394	0	0

Corresponding week in July 1879.

Open, 444 miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	37,509	0	0
Merchandize	40,935	0	0
Telegraph	195	0	0
Other Receipts	324	0	0
Total Rs.	79,443	0	0
Increase Rs.	10,951	0	0

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE ship Haugomont, 874 tons, Captain A. Scotland, will sail to-day for Moulmein in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Madura, 1,266 tons, Captain J. A. Magenis, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and 23 deck passengers.

DEPARTURE OF THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer Bangalore, 1,309 tons, Captain H. Wyatt, will sail to-day for Australia with Australian mail general cargo, and the following passengers:—For Melbourne.—Mr. J. C. O'Connor, Mr. F. C. Osborne, Mr. J. N. Robinson, and Mr. S. H. Bayly.

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
29	Cyprus	Sleeves	Calcutta.
	Madura (s)	Magenis	Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday: Steamer Bangalore, Wyatt, to Australia. Ship Hougomont, Scotland, to Moulmein.

The ship Trafalgar, to Calcutta, was entered for loading yesterday.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

July. 25 Mahratta (s) .....Gimblett .....Penang, June 27.
Rajpootana (s) .....Lewis.....Madras, July 20.

DEPARTURES.

July 25.—Steamers Madras and Meinam.

PASSENGER.

Per Maharatta—Mr Moore.

MADRAS.

July. DEPARTURE.

27 Australia(s) .... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JULY 29.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Brankome Hall s—1,633 plates hard spelter Joseph Soares, 250 bundles sheets iron and 8 plates iron Khimjee Jeowa.

FROM LONDON.

Gulf of Suez s—20 bales printing papers and 1 case note papers Abdoolally Meya Saheb Surally, 11 cases printing papers Tyebaly Mahomedaly, 19 bales printing papers and 2 cases printed books Rhicoo Sazba and Co, 89 casks beer and 25 cases gin Jamsetjee Framjee, 4 crates earthenware Hajee Joosa Hajee Tyeb, 105 cases window glass Allybhoy Noorbhoy, 85 cases matches Abdoolally Shaik Adum, 7 cases passware B Cassom, 2,107 plates hard spelter Joseph Soares, 50 cases copper sheets Thos H Moore and Co, 96 cases port Cutler Palmer and Co.

Gitana—27 crates earthenware Sallamahamed Fazul, 65 boxes window glass Hassomally Lallimeya.

Khiva s—11 bales printing papers and 1 case type The "Bombay Gazette," 100 cases candles Abdool Rehmon Essack.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Manilla s—20 cases champagne C Bonneville and Co.

FROM ODESSA.

Brankom Hall s—4 cases gold thread Knoop and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Murad s—32 cases writing papers Byramjee Shapoorjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 29.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Speke Hall s—7 bales hemp, Gordhundass Bugwandass, 22 bales wool Heerachund Mungeja, 55 bales wool, Killick Nixon and Co, 41 bales wool Callianjee Govindjee, 44 bales wool Jeevendass Premjee, 9 bales wool Nursee Khuttow, 69 bales cotton waste Govindram Dwarkadass, 25 bales wool Candass Dhuramdass, 75 bales cotton waste D Hormanjee, 96 bales wool Bunichund Fuckerchund.

FOR LONDON.

Lampert s—12 bales skins Adum Mohidin and Co, 25 bales skins Fuckir Mahomed Meatum and Co, 37 bales hides and skins Shaik Woodmanally and Co, 44 bales hides and skins Mahamedally and Co, 24 bales hides and skins, syed Ahmed M and Co, 16 bales hides and kins Vana Ana Syed 4 B and Co, 11 bales skins Syed Seerazoodin and Co, 100 cwts coir yarn Soondercass Govindjee and Co, 6 cases Bonares brass pots Toolseedass Manordass.

FOR UNITED KINGDOM.

Clara s—200 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Murad s—1 cwts garnet stone, M Mondolfo and Co.
Venetia s—200 bales cotton Sigg Sulzer and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Manilla s—2,400 cwts linseed and 1,200 cwts wheat Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Venetia s—5 bales skins Russoolbhoy Rahimbhoy.
Magilla s—200 bales cotton Peel Cassels and Co, 113 bales cotton E Spinner and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Venetia s—62½ cwts coffee Mahamed Hydy Currany.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Khiva s—21 bales twist the National S and W Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Khiva s—5 cwts cambay stone Veerchund Customchund, 46 bales cotton and 34 bales twist Hajee Abdoola Noor Mahamed, 30 bales twist Abraham Ezra and Co, 117 bales twist David Sassoon and Co, 60 bales twist Hajee Essac Elias, 32 bales twist the National S and W Co, 49 bales twist Framjee Cowasjee, 64 cwts goat horns Datardina Nowjee, 25 cwts horns Hajee Abdoola Noor Mahamed, 584 chests opium Major Jehan Famail and Co, 199 chests opium A D Sassoon and Co, 40 chests opium N G Abraham, 31 chests opium Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co, 23 chests opium Currimbhoy Ebram, 7 chests opium S E Sassoon.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Khiva s—20½ chests opium Abraham Ezra and Co, 7 chests opium Currimbhoy Ebram, 7 chests opium Tata and Co, 46 chests opium Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co, 15 chests opium Tarachund Lachmiaraon, 109 chests opium David Sassoon and Co, 11 chests opium E D Sassoon and Co, 147 chests opium M S Gulbay and Co, 7 chests opium S E Sassoon.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 30.

[Before the Hon. Sir CHARLES SARGENT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

124-80—Jefferson, B and D—Vussonjee Jivraj vs Mowjee Soonderjee—Hore, C and B—Part heard.

436-78—R Skipsey—Veerjee Hunsraj and others vs Hurjiwan Lilladhur—Smith and F.

[Before the Hon. Mr. Justice WEST.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

693-79—Prescot and W—Vurjeevandass Madhowdas and another vs Mahomed Alikhan Ibrahim—H W Payne—Part heard.

507-79—Cragie L and O—H S King and another vs Lieut Col M R Bruce.

128-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Jeffer Khimjee—Tyabjee and S.

75-79—Janardhan and H—Ramchundra Shamraj vs Vishn Vasudeo Godhole.

[Before the Hon. Mr. Justice MARRIOTT.]

For investigation under Sec. 408 of Act X of 1877.

In person—Yeshwantrao Kanojee vs Janardhan Purshotum and others.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

675-79—Tyabjee and S—Kokibai vs Jamsetjee Hormusjee Francis—Khunderao M—Part heard.

46-80—A F Turner, for paupers—Lilbai and another vs Thucker Pragjee Pudumsey and another—Balkrishna and B.

90-80—Muljee and B—Ahmedbhoy Jamalbhoy and others vs CurrimJMahomed Jamal and others—Khunderao M.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 28th July 1880.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·758
Temperature of the Air	81·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·7
Dew Point	76·5
Relative humidity of Air	·865
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8)	7·3
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	84·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	78·0
General Direction of Wind*	WSW, W, WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	549
Fall of Rain*	0·02
Total fall during month	18·17
" " year	39·68
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 29th July.	0·08

*From midnight to midnight.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 28.

Smith, Major, R A, on duty, from Umballa.
Wadthorpe, Captain, R A, on duty, from Umballa.
Adams, Surg, on leave, from Jhalna Patam.

JULY 29.

Arbuthnot, Col, R A, on duty, from Simla.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 26.

Blair, Col, 1st Lancers, to rejoin, to Neemuch.

JULY 29.

Anderson, Lieut, Col, 1st Lancers, to rejoin, to Poona.
Hall, Lieut, 18th Bengal N I, to rejoin, to Buxar.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT. COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, 29th July 1880.

The usual monthly Committee Meeting will take place at Head-quarters at 6 p.m. on Tuesday next, 3rd prox.

All members are invited to attend.

By order

W. M. TENNENT, Captain,
Actg. Adjt. B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Bombay Government Gazette, July 29.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut F C Briggs, 2-11th Regt assumed charge of the Comst Dept at Hyderabad from Major Newport on the 10th July.

The services of Capt J DeB Lynch, S C, H M's 25th Regt N I, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Comsy Genl for employment in the Comst Dept, vice Lieut Davies, 2-11th Regt, required with his Regt.

Capt Lynch joined the Comst Dept on the 15th July.

Lieut M S Birdwood, Wing Officer, 3rd Regt N L I, is appointed Transport Officer, Reserve Division, Candahar Field Force.

Lieut E R M Tawford, 16th Bengal Cavalry, was appointed Transport Officer, Southern Afghanistan Field Force, from the 19th October 1879.

Sec'd-Lieut Chalk, Centre, 3rd Regt N I, is reappointed an Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of H E the Governor for a further period of two years.

Staff Corps—Major Spencer Ellington, having completed twenty-six years' service, is appointed Lieut Col subject to H M's approval:—

Major A R Seton, R E, Ex Engr, Poona Dist and Sholapur, is allowed furlough to Europe for one year from date of departure in Oct next:—

Consequent on the arrival from England of Major E S Ostenan, Asst Comsy Genl, first class, the following promotion and reversions in the Comst Dept are ordered to have effect from 23rd instant:—

Major E B Colethan, Asst Comsy Genl, first class, to be Actg Depy Comsy Genl.

Major W T Keavy, Actg Depy Comsy Genl, to revert to Actg Asst Comsy Genl, first class.

Major C Swinton, Actg Asst Comsy Genl, first class, to revert to Actg Asst Comsy Genl, second class.

Major R S Walpole, Actg Asst Comsy Genl, second Class, to revert to Actg Depy Asst Comsy Genl, first class.

Lieut-Col M Boyd, Actg Depy Asst Comsy Genl, first class, to revert to Actg Asst Comsy Genl, second class.

Lieut H S A Rolfe, Actg Depy Asst Comsy Genl, second class to revert to Actg Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, first class.

The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—

Major G E Hancock, S C, one month, private affairs.

Major H F Hancock, R E, three months, medical certificate.

Captain S Carter, S C, four months, medical certificate.

Sub-Lieut C M Gray has been granted an extension of leave to await passage in the first troop-ship.

Under the provisions of G G O No 11 of 1880, the following appointments are made:—

Surgn-Major W Gray, M B, I M D, now on furlough, to be Secy to the Surgn-Genl, H M's Forces in Bombay.

Surgn C G W Lowdell, I M D, to officiate as Secy to the Surgn Genl H M's Forces in Bombay, during the absence of Surgn Major Bray, or until further orders.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &C.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr H D E Forbes, Asst Supt, Gujarat Revenue Survey, is appointed to act as Supt of Surveys under the Rajasthanik Court and ex-officio Asst to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, during the absence of Major G E Hancock.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Major C D P Payne is appointed to act as Dist Supt of Police in the Thana Dist until further orders.

Major W T Brown is appointed to act as Supt of Police, B B and C I Railway, until further orders. He is also appointed to be a Depy Comsr of Police in the City of Bombay.

Mr Krishnarao Jairam is appointed to act as Subordinat Govt Pleader in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Malegaon in the Nasik Dist during the absence of Mr Govind Sakharam.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Hajeratha valad Silemansha to be Village Munsif.

Mr Raghveramrao Shriniwas is appointed to be Subordinate Govt Pleader in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Hubli in the Dharwar Dist, vice Mr Veerbhadrapa Veerbasapa, resigned.

Mr G W Colgrave, Asst Supt of Police, Poona, was in charge of the office of the Dist Supt of Police, Poona, from the 12th May to the 5th June 1880.

The Rt Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Harilal Chuggonlal, Subordinate Judge of the Second Class at Nariad, to be Registrar of the Court of Small Causes at Nariad.

H E in Council is also pleased to invest Rao Saheb Harilal Chuggonlal with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes in suits not exceeding twenty rupees in amount or value arising within the territorial limits of the Court of Small Causes at Nariad.

With the previous sanction of the Govt of India, H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Dr A D Pollen, Special Judge under the Dekkhan Agriculturists Relief Act, 1879, in addition to his own duties, to be temporarily Joint Judge for the Ahmednagar Dist.

Mr Firoz Hosang Dastoor, Actg Dist Depy Collr in the Dist of Kaira, is appointed to be a Mag of the Second Class in the Kaira District.

Rao Saheb Kashinath Balkrishna Marathe, second class, second grade, Subordinate Judge of Amalner in the Khandesh Dist, is invested within the local limits of his ordinary jurisdiction with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rupees 50.

Mr R A Lamb, Asst Collr in the Dist of Poona, is appointed to be a Mag of the second class in the Dist of Poona.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr R A Lamb, C S, to act as a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Govt of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

Mr S W Edgerley, Supernumerary Asst Collr in the Dist of Nasik, is appointed to be a Mag of the second class in the Dist of Nas k.

Rao Saheb Narayan Wasoudeo Kunte, Mamlatdar of Taluka Vada in the Dist of Thana, is appointed to be a Mag of the second class in the Dist of Thana.

The Joint Sessions Judge at Nasik is hereby directed to try all cases which may be committed to him by the Magistrates in the Nasik portion of the Thana Sessions Division during the months of July, August, September, and October 1880.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Miss Phiroze Sorabjee and Miss Mary Sorabjee, First and Second Assistants, Training College at Ahmedabad, passed their examination in Gujarati.

Dr T Cooke, Principal, Poona College and Science, is granted privilege leave of absence for three months.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr A Keyser, Acting Collr of Surat, is allowed furlough for one year from 4th Sept next.

Mr G Hewett, Asst Conservator of Forests, Khandesh, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months.

Mr E H Mossardi, Asst Collr of Kaira, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr J Elphinston to be Collr and Mag of the Dist of Kolaba and Dist Registrar and Political Agent, Kolaba, vice Mr T Bosanquet, resigned.

Mr A H Spry to revert to his substantive appointment of Collr and Mag of the Dist of Dharwar and Dist Registrar and Political Agent, Dharwar.

Mr C G Blathwayt, to act as Collr and Mag of the Dist of Sholapur and Dist Registrar and Political Agent, Sholapur, till further orders.

The following officers have been permitted by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of their leave:—

Mr A A Borradaile, C S, and Mr G W Vidal, C S.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut M J Meade, Asst Genl Supdt, Thuggee and Dacoity Dept, passed an examination in Persian according to the High Proficiency test on 21st inst.

Surgn J Parker Actg Depy Sanitary Comr, Northern Deccan Registration Dist, is appointed substantive pro tem, Depy Sanitary Comsr of that Dist, with retrospective effect from 10th Jan last.

Mr R P Ryan, Mr D Davies, Actg Second Asst Supt of Police, Khandesh, and Mr J W Whitecombe, Inspector, Abkari Dept, passed an examination in Marathi on the 22nd instant.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr J W A McNair, Asst Examiner, first grade, joined the office of the Examiner of P W Accounts, Bombay, on the 21st July.

H E the Rt Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J A Coghlan, M I C E, to be Ex Engr, Begari Davn [and Deserg Canal].

MISCELLANEOUS, NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Mr J E Dallas, Asst Engr, second grade, Kathiawar State Railways, passed the Higher Standard Examination in Hindustani held in Bombay on the 10th and 14th July.

The charge of the Maundsaur-Neemuch Section of the Sindia Neemuch State Railway was taken over by the Manager, Holkar and Sindia, Neemuch State Railways from Mr Horace Bell, Engineer-in-Chief, on the afternoon of the 1st July 1880.

Mr C E Biddulph, probationary Asst Settlement Officer in Sind, joined his appointment on the 20th inst, in the forenoon.

Mr H L Evezard, Probationary Asst Settlement Officer in Sind, having been relieved from his duties in the Police Dept, rejoined his appointment in the Sind Settlement Dept on the 20th inst.

POSTAL NOTICES.

DESPATCH OF INLAND MAILS FROM BOMBAY

No after-packet will be made up at the General Post Office and the times for posting are given in the subjoined table.

A Post Office is established at the Bori Bandar Railway Station, where Letters and Papers, too late for the Mail closing at the General Post Office, are received *without fee* up to 5 minutes of the departure of Trains.

No Letters or Papers can be posted in the Railway Carriage Letter Box.

Table showing the hours for closing the Inland Mails which came into force from the 15th October 1879 and will continue so until further notice:—

MAILS.	Latest hour for Posting: At General Post Office. Ordinary Letters and Papers.	At General Post Office. Registered Letters & Parcels.	At Branch Post Offices.	At the Bori Bandar Railway Station Post Office
For Bengal, Punjab, N. W. Provinces, Malwa, the Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway	4-50 P.M.	3-0 P.M.	3-15 P.M.	5-55 P.M.
For Poona, Madras Presidency, Deccan, and Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway	1-20 P.M.	12-0 NOON.	12-0 NOON.	1-55 P.M.
For Post Towns on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for Gujarat, Kathiawar and Kutch	4-30 A.M.	4-0 P.M. of previous day.	5-30 P.M. week days. 3-15 P.M. on Sundays.	...
For Post Towns in Southern Konkan, &c., for Pen, Nagotna, Mahad, Khed, Dapoli, and Rutnagiri	10-0 A.M.	4-0 P.M. of previous day	8- A.M.	...
For Post Towns on the S. E. line of the G. I. P. Railway as far as Poona, also for Satara, Baramgaum, Dharwar, and other towns, in S. M. Country, and for Kanara	6-15 A.M.	Do.	5-30 P.M. of previous day.	6-55 A.M.
For Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway as far as Jabalpur, also for Central Provinces and Berar	7-0 A.M.	Do.	Do.	...
For Uran & Panwell.	5-30 A.M.	Do.	6-0 P.M. of previous day.	...

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bulsar Station.

Agent: EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI,
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acknowledged by all who have used them to be a certain cure for HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, diseases of DIGESTION, and dysentery. These PILLS act with great mildness, cleansing the system of all impurities, carrying off the bowels in an unhealthy state. In the heat of hot climates and travel, indispensable, and no family should be without them. Sold by Dealers everywhere.

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NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. are happy to announce that, in consequence of the continually increasing sale of Mr. MENIST'S CELEBRATED SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., for which they are the appointed Agents, they are enabled to make a REDUCTION of TWENTY PER CENT. on their former prices, thus placing these VALUABLE AIDS TO DEFECTIVE VISION within reach of EVERY ONE.

HARRIS AND LAWRENCE,
"OCULISTS" OPTICIANS,
22, RAMPART ROW,
(NEXT THE ORIENTAL BANK),
BOMBAY.

Opticians to the Bombay Ophthalmic Hospital.

REGISTERED PROPRIETORS of the "LICULENT and MEIRICAL SPECTACLES, which are used in all Ophthalmic Hospitals, and prescribed by all Surgeon Oculists. For the convenience of those who are unable to visit us, we have published a copy righted system of TEST TYPES for self-fitting, which we will forward FREE on application.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

BEGBIE—July 12th, at Thandiani, near Abbottabad, the wif of Captain F. B. Begbie, 1st Sikhs, of a son.

DEATHS.

BURGES—July 23rd, at Meerut, Surgeon William Armstrong Burges, Army Medical Department.

EVILLE—July 23rd, at Calcutta, Mr. Edward Irving Eville, aged 45 years.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1880.

THE calamity which befel General Burrows's force at Khuski-Nakhund was not so completely disastrous as appeared from the ministerial account. From those, there seemed no room to doubt that our troops had been completely routed, and it being known that Ayub Khan had a large force of cavalry, it appeared only too probable that every man must be cut off—that, in fact, the engagement must have ended, as Lord Hartington's message put it, in the annihilation of General Burrow's force. Yesterday, Bombay was full of anxiety—as no doubt also was not only the whole of India, but the whole of Britain; but the majority of the officers and men, from General Burrows downward, were well known here. The 66th Regiment were stationed at Colaba for several months before they were sent away to the front, and the native troops all belong to this Presidency, so that there were many people eager to know the fate of relatives and friends, scarcely believing that there could be any but the worst news to receive after the announcements

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

GENERAL PHAYRE'S ADVANCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 29.

General Phayre has received and acknowledged orders directing him to concentrate his force and support General Primrose as soon as possible. The line of communications in rear will be strengthened by Bombay and Bengal troops under orders to move at once. The details of General Burrows' action are as yet imperfectly known.

GENERAL BROOKES' BRIGADE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 29.

No details have yet been received from Kandahar beyond the names of officers known to have been killed and wounded. The telegraph line between Kandahar and Quetta is cut. General Brooke's Brigade has gone out to see what assistance can be given.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED OFFICERS.

The following officers are known to have been killed and wounded :—Jacob's Rifles : Smith, Justice, and Coles killed ; Bombay Grenadiers, Anderson (severely wounded), Oslett killed. Royal Horse Artillery, Osborne killed ; Blackwood wounded. 3rd Bombay Cavalry, Mayne and Reid wounded. 66th Regt, Roberts killed, Lynch wounded.

(FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.)

POONA, JULY 29, 1-25 P.M.

THE following telegram has been received from General Phayre :—QUETTA, July 29.—In reply to your Excellency's telegram, the following are the notes of a conversation held yesterday morning at the telegraph office between General Primrose and myself :—Just before the wire was cut General Primrose said—I received your telegram of last night. I am anxious to see you coming in with as large a force as you can. Small parties of General Burrows' force are constantly arriving. It would appear they were pursued only three or four miles ; have not yet ascertained our losses, but fear they have been severe. Two guns are lost. I have sent out Brooke to assist and bring in stragglers. They are very strong in artillery and have 35 guns, with which they work well. They killed Lieut. Osborne, R. H. A. ; Roberts, of the 66th ; Lieut. W. C. Aslett, of the 1st Grenadiers ; Capt. H. F. Smith, Lieut. W. N. Justice, Lieut. D. Cole, of Jacob's Rifles ; and Lieut. W. C. Owen, of the 3rd Cavalry. Wounded :—Lieut.-Col. H. S. Anderson, 1s Grenadiers, severely ; Major G. F. Blackwood, R. H. A., Lieut. H. Lynch, 66th, Capt. M. Mayne and Lieut. J. H. E. Reid, 3rd Cavalry. This is all we know of at present. General Burrows is all right. Dr. Harvey brought news of the battery that only two guns had been taken, the other guns are coming in. The following officers have come in :—Colonel Mainwaring, 30th, Elton, Burroughs, Harvey, Lieut. T. P. Geoghegan, Oliver, Griffiths, Lieut. F. Whithick, Surg. A. H. C. Dane ; also the Wali.

3-2 P.M.

No news beyond what has been communicated. No orders have yet been received for Bombay troops, but heavy reinforcements will be at once sent if ordered. Sufficient troops are already at General Phayre's command for reinforce the column, and will be speedily concentrated.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

4-20 P. M.

The whole of the Reserve Division advances, and more can be sent if necessary, but no orders received for additional Bombay troops rom the Government of India. The telegraph line to Kandahar is interrupted ; but General Burrows' defeat was nothing like so bad as originally reported.

THE DISASTER TO GENERAL BURROWE'S FORCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 29.

The following appears in the *Pioneer* extraordinary :—The disaster that has befallen General Burrows's force on the Helmund appears to have been far more serious than the bare official statement of The Press Commissioner's telegram would imply. From other sources we hear that the small force has been utterly routed, if not destroyed. The news is said to have been brought into Kandahar by some thirty sowars who had ridden for their lives.

General Primrose was entrenching himself at Kandahar, but the gravest fears are entertained for his safety. Colonel St. John is said to have been out with the Helmund brigade, but to have escaped. Of course there is room to hope that the picture of the situation is over-coloured in some respects, but the form in which we give it is that which is generally believed in Simla.

A special meeting of the Council was held on Wednesday afternoon to consider the emergency. It is clear that the information hitherto received by Government concerning the strength and character of Ayub's force has utterly underestimated the gravity of the situation.

LATEST ACCOUNT OF THE DISASTER.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

SIMLA, JULY 29.

The statement in Reuter's telegram about General Burrows force is not borne out by the facts ascertained up to date. Sir R. Sandeman reports that General Primrose, up to the time the wire was cut at 11 a.m. yesterday, did not know the extent of the defeat, but his last message was to the effect that the disaster was not so great as at first believed though very severe. The enemy, who were very strong in guns, which they worked well, only pursued for three or four miles. Two of our guns were taken ; the rest are expected in. Several parties of General Burrows's force have arrived in Kandahar, and General Brooke has gone out to bring in the others. The cantonments at Kandahar have been vacated, and the citadel occupied.

Before telegraphic communication ceased, the following officers were reported to have reached Kandahar safely :—Colonel W. Mainwaring, 30th N. I. ; Colonel C. Griffith, 1st N. I. ; Major C. Oliver, 66th Foot ; Lieutenant F. Whittock, 1st N. I. ; Lieutenant T. Geoghegan, 3rd Cavalry ; Surgeon Major C. Harvey, Horse Artillery ; Surgeon G. Burroughs, 3rd Sind Horse ; Surgeon J. Eaton, 16th N. I. ; Surgeon A. Dane, 1st N. I. ; Colonel St. John was also safe. Up to the same time the following casualties were reported :—E.-B. Horse Artillery—Lieutenant E. Osborn killed, Major G. Blackwood wounded. 66th Foot—Captain W. Roberts killed, Lieutenant H. Lynch wounded. 3rd Native Cavalry—Captain M. Mayne and Lieutenant J. Reid wounded. 1st Native Infantry—Lieutenant W. Haslett killed, Lieutenant Colonel H. Anderson wounded. 30th Native Infantry—Captain H. Smith killed, Lieutenant W. Justice killed, Lieutenant D. Cole killed.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR KANDAHAR.

Reinforcements were on the road between Quetta and Kandahar when the defeat occurred and are going rapidly forward. All the troops now stationed along the railway line and at Thull Chotiali will be concentrated immediately at Pishin for speedy forward advance.

Sir R. Sandeman and General Phayre are using every exertion to push onward all the additional troops already marching on Kandahar, and two fresh regiments will have already reached Kandahar. Two strong brigades will be sent up with Artillery and Cavalry from India. Reinforcements are also coming from England.

ASSISTANCE BY THE KHAN OF KHELAT.

The Khan of Khelat has offered all the assistance in his power and has placed at the disposal of the Government the resources of his State, sending at once a large number of camels and horses for transport purposes as well as supplies.

THE RANGOON COMMISSARIAT CASE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT,
CALCUTTA, JULY 29.

RANGOON, July 29.—Captain Hunt's advocate, Mr. Vertannes, applied to-day to the Recorder for commissions to Alipore and Tonghoo for examination of Major Macmullen, late Commissariat Officer, Tonghoo, and Executive Engineer, Tonghoo. Their evidence is said to be essential to Captain Hunt's defence. Mr. Terrant, for the Crown, raised no objection, leaving the matter entirely to the discretion of the Recorder, who thereupon granted commissions returnable on 6th September. He appointed Mr. Allen, as additional Recorder, to try cases, which stand over till the 16th September.

THE BERESFORD CASE.

UMBALLA, July 29.—Maitland *vs.* Lord Beresford's case commenced yesterday with plaintiff's evidence which was not finished when the Court rose. It will be concluded this evening.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE LONDON PRESS ON THE DISASTER IN AFGHANISTAN.

LONDON, JULY 29.

The London Press urge almost unanimously that our military supremacy in Afghanistan should be effectively vindicated, and the *Morning Post* urges that Sir Garnet Wolseley should be entrusted with the leadership.

REINFORCEMENTS.

The *Daily Telegraph* publishes this morning a paragraph, stating that the Government have decided to despatch reinforcements to India at once, and that the Viceroy has been advised accordingly.

BASUTOLAND.

Latest intelligence from Basutoland is reassuring.

TURKEY AND MONTENEGRO

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 28.

The Porte has promised to execute the convention with Montenegro within three weeks.

LONDON, JULY 28.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed with supplies freely offered. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera	4 15-16d.
The Manchester market has been steady.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper.....	80½
4½ per cent. do.	97½
3 per cent. Consols for account.....	97½
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872.....	119
Bar Silver	52½

STEAMER REPORT.

GALLE, JULY 29, 12 a.m.

Mail steamer Siam from Australia arrived.

WE understand that Dr. A. H. Hughes, who has resided for many years on Malabar Hill, intends to offer himself as a candidate for the representation of Malabar Hill ward in the next Municipal Corporation.

"A. C. L." writes to a contemporary, expressing a hope that India will not forget to raise some memorial to Sir Louis Cavagnari and his gallant comrades, European and Asiatic, who died in defending the British Residency at Kabul.

WITH regard to the collection of arrears of licence tax in Calcutta, to which we alluded yesterday, the *Indian Daily News* is informed that the collections are daily being made in cases where proceedings had been initiated prior to June 30 ; and it would seem that before ordering the collection of these arrears, the Municipality sought the opinion of the Advocate-General.

THE Government of India has ordered the extension of poppy cultivation to the Agra, Muttra, Aligarh, and Moradabad Districts of N. W. Provinces, in addition to an increase in the area in districts where the cultivation at present exists. A considerable increase in the staff of the department, European and native, has also been sanctioned.

A CALCUTTA paper gives an account of the funeral of George Nairns, the seaman who was hanged for the brutal murder of an unfortunate native policeman. The funeral took place in the Scotch burial-ground, in the presence of some fifty ladies and gentlemen. The coffin containing the murderer's body was covered by the Union Jack and borne by six seamen. Flowers were cast into the grave, and a Rev. Mr. Godwin, "assisted by several ladies," sang a hymn beginning "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

THE Poona "annual challenge lawn tennis meeting," we see, is to be held on the 30th August. Any club, gymkhana, regiment, or service is competent to enter two men to represent it.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Commander-in-Chief (General Warre) on Wednesday morning visited all the hospitals, European and Native, at Poona, and also the Lock Hospital and the Military Prison. His Excellency was accompanied on his inspection by the General Commanding the Division and Staff, the Surgeon General, and the officers of the head-quarters and personal staff. Officers commanding regiments and medical officers met His Excellency at their respective hospitals. The health of the troops generally is good, but a rather large percentage of the 78th Highlanders are suffering from fever and ague, always so prevalent at this season of the year. General Warre expressed himself satisfied with his inspection.

WE have received a copy of the Merchants and Bankers' Companion which contains tables for calculating interest, commission, freight, and exchanges between India, England, and China, in rupees, sterling, and dollars, with tables to show the rates of exchange and prices of bullion. This work, which will, we believe, be of great value to the mercantile community, has been compiled by Mr. Manekjee Kavasjee Todivala, who, in the preface to his book, observes that merchants now, owing to increased competition, calculate everything minutely, and it is to meet their convenience in this respect that the work is intended. The book is admirably got up and deserves a large sale.

THE *Madras Mail* reproaches Bombay with not having contributed to the Princess Alice Memorial Fund. It is some slight consolation to find, remarks our contemporary, that if Madras is a long way behind Bengal and Punjab, she is not, like Bombay, conspicuous by the entire absence of her name from the list.

IT now appears probable, says a Calcutta paper, that Mr. E. R. Douglas will continue to officiate as Deputy Director General of the Post Office for a few months longer, in the event of Mr. Hogg succeeding Mr. Monteath, and until Mr. James, the present Post-Master-Genaral, Bengal, is permanently appointed to that post.

THE Deputy Commissioner of Sylhet, in his Administration Report for 1879-80, institutes a comparison between the litigiousness of the people of Sylhet and of other parts of India, from which it appears that, taking the number of suits instituted per 100 persons, Sylhet shows the highest result—*viz.* 6 as is shown by Lower Bengal, Madras, and the North-Western Provinces. But Mymensingh shows slightly, and the 24-Pergunnahs and the Punjab show considerably, greater litigiousness.

AN elaborate judgment was given by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice West on the Original Side of the Bombay High Court a few days ago, in a suit in which a "naiquin," or dancing girl, sued her adoptive mother for partition of the latter's estate and for the accumulations of the earnings of her own profession as a dancer and singer. So little is known regarding this class of persons that a few particulars will be found to be generally interesting. The naiquins say that their place of origin is Sirода in the province of Goa ; and their community—rejecting marriage and succeeding to property solely in the female line—might very well throw out such an offshoot as the naiquins of Bombay, who recruit their class by female births and so-called adoptions. They were, especially during the days of the share mania, a tolerably opulent class, holding out, as Mr. Justice West remarked, amongst a poor and weak population, the injurious example of a flagrant and prosperous immorality. A class of dancers, under the name of naiquins, was recognised in the Deccan in the earlier period of British rule there. It had its peculiar habits as essentially dissolute as those of the same class in Bombay, and its peculiar laws of family and of succession. The class was replenished by purchases of female children, taken in a kind of adoption ; and the earnings of the younger naiquin belonged wholly to the elder one. The progress of civilisation and the spread of a new order of ideas had, however, caused the class gradually to sink to comparative obscurity. According to the evidence in the case heard before Mr. Justice West, every naiquin is taken as a child ; she is taught lascivious acts ; is forbidden marriage but wedded to a dagger by rites of corrupt significance ; and is eventually sold to "some epicure in licentiousness." Dancing and singing are subsidiary accomplishments, but they are only subsidiary to a life of immoral practices. The evil system is perpetuated from one generation to another ; and it may be, his Lordship truly remarked, that as long as a coarse sensuality prevails amongst a wealthy class, the means of inflaming and gratifying their libidinous tastes will not be wanting. With reference to the prayer of the plaintiff, the learned Judge observed that the courts must refuse to allow to the naiquins a legislative power to frame rules for the guidance of the class which as individuals they could not possess. To the child once given over to the harlot's life, no effectual relief can be brought ; but no rights can arise to the woman who trains her to be a social pest, and none to the young naiquin herself who, being free in law to renounce her calling, continues to pursue it by choice. The evidence in the case went to prove that the existence of a naturalborn daughter shuts out the adopted from succession ; and in this case, there were naturalborn daughters to the defendant. The plaintiff's claim was rejected.

A NOTIFICATION appears in the *Bombay Government Gazette*, sanctioning a redistribution of labour which has been arranged by the Bishop for the clergy of Bombay. The plea put forth in behalf of the new arrangement was that the indefiniteness of the districts hitherto assigned by mutual agreements to the several churches and clergymen hitherto attached rendered it difficult for the ministers to care as thoroughly for the people as they might do. By the new arrangement the minister of St. Paul's Church (Kamattipura) will have spiritual charge of the district bounded by Erskine Road and Falkland Road on the south, Breach Candy Road on the west, Bellasis Road and Bellasis Junction Road on the north, and Parel Road on the east ; Holy Trinity Church, Sonapore, will have the portion of the town from the Esplanade Cross Road on the south, and the Queen's Road as far as the railway crossing on the west, to Parel Road, Pydhowni, and Abdul Rahmon Street on the east, and Churni Road, Girgaon Back Road and Erskine Road on the north ; St. Peter's Church, Mazagon, will have the portion of the island from Abdul Rahmon Street and Parel Road to the sea, the northern boundary being Brae Hill, and the southern Esplanade Cross Road. The district to which the duties of the Cathedral chaplains will extend ranges from Grant Buildings on the south to the Esplanade Cross Road on the north, and from Back Bay on the west to the Harbour on the east, and includes, beside, Malabar Hill and the Queen's Road north of the railway crossing. The district apportioned to St. John's Church, Colaba, is the whole of the island south of Grant Buildings. Lastly, the parish of Christ Church, Byculla, will include all portions of the Island not mentioned above, except the Esplanade Reclamation and the railway workshops at Parel, religious duties in connection with which are to come within the province of the Harbour Chaplain. Government have sanctioned the new arrangement as one made for purposes of ecclesiastical convenience and efficacy, but stipulate that the recognition must not be understood to "confer any coercive jurisdiction as in English parishes" and will "not constitute the proposed district parishes in the sense in which the term is used in English Ecclesiastical law."

THE July number of the Journal of the National Indian Association gives the following news regarding young native gentlemen now in England :—

The following gentlemen were called to the Bar, June 9th :—Mr. Dinsha D. Davar [Bombay] ; Mr. Sayyid Nurul Huda [Patna], St. John's College, Cambridge ; Mr. Syud Muhammad Sharafuddin [Patna], all the Middle Temple ; Mr. Syud Abdur Rahman, F.S.S., F.R.C.I., [Faridpur], of the Inner Temple ; and Mr. Krishna Nath Mittra [Calcutta], of Lincoln's Inn.

Mr. George Nanday, Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, passed June 19th in the Special Examination in Natural Science for the ordinary B. A. degree [Chemistry, 2nd class].

Mr. G.N. Chatterjee, Christ's College, Cambridge, has been elected to a Scholarship in Arabic and Persian, £30.

A prize in Mathematic has been awarded to Mr. Devendra N. Das at Clare College, Cambridge.

Mr. E. J. Khory, of the Inner Temple, satisfactorily passed the Examination in Roman Law held in Trinity Term.

Mr. P. Mukerji [Dacca] has gained a certificate in Chemistry at University College, London.

Mr. Chunder Nath Banerjee has joined Lincoln's Inn.

Arrivals.—Moulvi Sameoullah Khan, Sub-Judge, Morabadad, on furlough, and Mr. Hamidullah Khan, his son, for the Indian Civil Service ; Mr. Hamid Ali Khan and Mr. Mahomed Rafique, B.A., O.C., Mullick, Barrister-at-Law, Calcutta, in the Privy Council case ; Mr. U.K. Dutt, Calcutta, for the Indian Medical Service ; Mr. Syud Abdur Rub, late Sub Deputy Collector, Bengal, and Mr. Syed Mohamed Israil, Khan Bahadur Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, both for the Bar ; Mr. Tamiz Uddin Ahmed, of Julpigori, for the Indian Medical Service, and his brother, Mr. Tahir Uddin Ahmed, for the Bar.

A HONGKONG paper says that the P. and O. Company have decided to run the Avoca, China, Geelong, and Adria, as cargo steamers between China and Bombay. They will accordingly be dismantled of their cabins.

IN reference to the naval demonstration in the Adriatic it is of interest to note that three weeks ago, the correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* at Berlin telegraphed that "in case of an armed resistance to the execution of the decisions of the Conference, France and England will apply for Europe for a mandate before sending any imposing squadrons into the Ægean and Adriatic. Should any men-of-war appear on those coasts before the delivery of such a mandate, they will not pursue any further objects than preventing massacres and protecting foreign subjects." The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* says that the French men-of-war stationed in Levantine harbours are gradually joining the squadron in the Piræus.

THE most significant feature in the news about the state of affairs in the East, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, is again the alarming tenor of the prophecies from Vienna and Berlin, but especially from Vienna. How are we to account for the determined gloom which overshadows the prospect from these points of view ? It is not a cheerful prospect from any point of view ; but why is it that the confidants of politicians in Germany and Austria are so anxious to impress upon us that there is not one ray of hope, and that European combination to carry out the Berlin settlement must end in universal strife and confusion ? Is it because they are better informed and have means of seeing into the future denied to the rest of the world ? It is worth while to collect the various propositions which find credence at Berlin and Vienna, and are diligently transmitted for consumption here. They are generally mixed up in a confused shout of alarm—fact, inference, and speculation inextricably mixed up together—and if we separate them we shall at least see more clearly on what authority each item in the total of gloomy prognostication appears to rest. The first proposition is that Greece will have to fight for the possession of Thessaly and Epirus. In that anticipation Vienna and Berlin do not stand by themselves. It is in the train of consequences, and the air of certainty with which they are insisted on, that this body of political opinion becomes peculiar. "If Greece commences a war, it is thought probable that Bulgaria will follow, in order to obtain Eastern Roumelia." "Russia, having no longer England's resistance to fear, is openly preparing to create the Pan-Bulgaria denied her two years ago." "Austria, seconded by Germany, is determined to protect herself from the injurious consequences of the steady growth of Russian Panslavism, and will seize a material guarantee." "Constantinople will not long remain Turkish if the rest of ancient Rumili is gone." "All this," we are told in substance, "must successively come to pass the moment Russia chooses to set the stone rolling," or Bulgaria." In one account, it is added that is credited with the intention to set this disastrous stone rolling. But the collectors of opinion in the German and Austrian capitals attribute a similar intention to the "Radical" Government of France and England, and they are especially comprehensive of a supposed Gladstonian policy which aims at the forcible expulsion of the Sultan from Europe.

MUCH of the success of the Jamin electric candle is to be attributed to the great improvements effected by Mr. Jamin in the Gramme dynamo-electric machine which supplies the current. The current produced from this generator is, of course, limited by the heating of the revolving armature, and in diminishing the latter by attention to theoretical principles in constructing the machine, he has actually reduced the heating effect to one-fourth of its old value, and the expenditure of power for an equal current to one-third. The practical consequence is that he can now maintain 24 candles alight by a machine formerly capable of feeding only four, and driven by an eight-horse power engine.

THE *Indian Daily News* proposes to saddle the Madras Presidency with the costs which have been and are being incurred in consequence of the supineness of the local Government in connection with the Rumpa affair. He writes :—The Rumpa rebellion offers one of the strongest arguments we have heard of for the strengthening of the system of Government in Madras. It is not economy that is now in question, but administrative efficiency. What is the use of a council, at Madras, it may be asked if the Governor of that Presidency acts independently of the councillors ; what is the use of a Commander-in-Chief at Madras, if the Governor of Madras can take the management of troops and their military disposal out of His Excellency's hands ? It is only fair, as well as politic, that Madras should be made to pay the expense of the Rumpa rebellion, which rebellion commenced in an act of injustice done in Madras, and is never likely to end so long as the Government of Madras has the management of it. The cost of the futile operations of a year and a half's duration, in the Rumpa country, must be, we take it, considerable. It is certainly most unjust to saddle the expense, as well as the loss of prestige, involved upon the rest of India.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Travelling Fellowship Election, University.
Defamation Case, Police Court, 2 p.m.
Band, H. M.'s Marine Battalion, Apollo Bunder, this evening (weather permitting).
Temple Bar, Concert 9 p. m.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Cyprus, from Calcutta ; Madura (s), Coast and Calcutta.

ABOLITION OF A FEE.—The charge of one anna per coolie-load hitherto levied on fresh provisions taken on board vessels in the Prince's Dock has been abolished.

RAINFALL AT TULSI.—The total fall of rain at Tulsi up to 6 a.m. of Sunday, the 25th instant, was 51 inches and 36 cents. The height of water in the lake was 37-60 feet.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 19th inst. was Rs. 48,99,422 ; add silver received during the week Rs. 8,95,899. The sum of Rs. 6,00,000 in new coin was paid during the week ; the balance left was Rs. 51,95,321. There is in addition silver bullion valued at Rs. 12,96,517 belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults and awaiting assay.

THEFT OF CURRENCY NOTES.—Raghunath Bulwant, the *moonim* of the firm of Ramkrishna Raghunath, at Chappa Gully in Vittulwady, reported to the police on Wednesday last the theft of currency to the value of Rs. 1,230, alleged to have been stolen from the cash box of the *mutta*, or clerk, of that firm. Upon enquires and a search being instituted by the police, under the direction of Mr. Inspector Longdon, notes to the amount of Rs. 1,230 were found concealed in a large gunny bag which contained wool ; and the remainder of the notes were found concealed in the folds of a book in an adjoining room.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The following is the programme of music to be played by the band of H. M.'s Marine Battalion at the Apollo Bunder this evening (weather permitting) :—

March	
Overture.....	Flotow.
Quadrille	The Royal Bonbons.....Coote.
Selection	The Princess of Trebizonde.....Offenbach.
Valse	Flugschriften ..... Strauss.
Galop	Now here, now there .....Faust.

CONCERT AT TEMPLE BAR.—Programme of music to be played at Temple Bar this evening at 9 :—

March.....	Ungarischer Feuerwehr..Zichrer.
Overture.....	Pique Dame ..... Suppé.
Der Bohn der Wildniss	Kuecken.
Waltz	Les Cent Vierges..... Resch.
Potpourri	Trovatore ..... Verdi.
Quadrille.....	Operetten ..... Faulwetter.
Song, Buttercup de Pinafore	Sullivan.
Waltz.....	Boccaccio ..... Strauss.
Finale.....	Rosvina della Forest ...Battista.
Tongler Polka	Gung'l.

MORTUARY RETURNS.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 27th inst. was 359, being 4 less than in the previous week, 22 less than the total of the week ending 29th July, 1879, and 119 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 323 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population during the last 52 weeks was 27·27. There was no death from remittent fever, being 7 less than in the previous week, and 15 less than in the same period last year. There was no death from Cholera since the last two weeks. The deaths from diseases to the respiratory system, diarrhœa and dysentery were last week 18, 11, and 28 respectively, as compared with 36, 15, and 28 last year. The following remark is appended by the Health Officer to his return :—"As there is no allowance made for the increase of population, natural and extraordinary, during recent years, the percentages of mortality are unreliable."

THE TRAFFIC ON THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.—The increase in weight in goods traffic on the G. I. P. Railway for the week ending 17th July, 1880, was 62,621 maunds, and in money Rs. 57,141. The quantities carried and the earnings, compared with 1879, as follows :—

Description.	Week ending 17th July 1880.	Week ending 19th July 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.
COTTON—				
Weight	Mds 22,018	Mds 9,963	Mds12,050	..
Amount	Rs. 19,541	Rs. 10,068	Rs. 9,473	..
WHEAT—				
Weight	Mds 35,702	Mds 20,209	Mds15,493	..
Amount.....	Rs. 19,118	Rs. 10,553	Rs. 8,566	..
OTHER FOOD-GRAIN—				
Weight	Mds 85,515	Mds 98,728	..	Mds 13,213
Amount.....	Rs. 35,389	Rs. 39,892	..	Rs. 4,503
LINSEED—				
Weight	Mds 17,855	Mds 181	Mds 17,174	..
Amount.....	Rs. 9,114	Rs. 107	Rs. 9,007	..
TEELSEED—				
Weight	Mds 283	Mds 580	..	Mds. 297
Amount.....	Rs. 149	Rs. 227	..	Rs. 78
OTHER SEEDS—				
Weight	Mds 4,126	Mds 4,264	..	Mds 138
Amount.....	Rs. 1,339	Rs. 2,003	..	Rs. 677
SUGAR AND JAGGERY—				
Weight	Mds 4,909	Mds 2,475	Mds 2,434	..
Amount.....	Rs. 2,685	Rs. 1,914	Rs. 771	..
SALT—				
Weight	Mds 30,389	Mds 35,767	..	Mds 5,378
Amount.....	Rs. 18,129	Rs. 19,776	..	Rs. 1,647
OPIUM—				
Weight	Mds 1,909	Mds. 2,949	..	Mds 1,140
Amount	Rs. 4,409	Rs. 10,749	..	Rs. 6,340
P. GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight	Mds 17,985	Mds 10,072	Mds 7,893	..
Amount.....	Rs. 24,949	Rs. 14,134	Rs. 10,825	..
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weight	Mds 1,14,408	Mds	86,675 Mds27,733	..
Amount	Rs. 84,074	Rs.	53,439 Rs. 30,635	..
TOTAL—				
Weight	Mds 3,34,484	Mds	2,71,813 Mds62,621	..
Amount.....	Rs. 2,19,489	Rs.	1,62,342 Rs. 57,141	..

THE TRAFFIC ON THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in weight in goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 17th July, 1880, was 28,513 maunds, and in money Rs. 26,717. The quantities carried and earnings, compared with 1879, are as follows :—

Description.	Week ending 17th July, 1880.	Week ending 19th July, 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.
COTTON—				
Weight.....	Mds 1,853	Mds 1,067	Mds 586	..
Amount.....	Rs. 1,136	Rs. 700	Rs. 436	..
GRAIN—				
Weight	Mds 33,351	Mds 42,888	..	Mds 9,537
Amount.....	Rs. 10,036	Rs. 10,553	..	Rs. 329
JAGGERY—				
Weight	...	Mds. 615	..	Mds. 615
Amount.....	...	Rs. 174	..	Rs. 174
OPIUM—				
Weight	Mds 73	Mds 113	..	Mds 39
Amount ...	Rs. 91	Rs. 288	..	Rs. 197
P. GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight.....	Mds 3,856	Mds 2,764	Mds 1,092	..
Amount.....	Rs. 3,488	Rs. 2,401	Rs. 1,087	..
SALT—				
Weight	Mds 51,906	Mds 13,555	38,351	..
Amount.....	Rs. 19,139	Rs. 2,812	Mds 16,327	..
SEEDS—				
Weight	Mds 3,804	Mds 1770	Mds 1,834	..
Amount.....	Rs. 1,042	Rs. 393	Rs. 649	..
SUGAR—				
Weight	Mds 1,197	Mds 1,807	..	Mds 610
Amount.....	Rs. 655	Rs. 585	..	Rs. 70
MOWRA—				
Weight	...	...	..	...
Amount.....	...	...	..	...
TOBACCO—				
Weight	...	...	..	...
Amount.....	...	...	..	...
STATE RAILWAY MATERIAL—				
Weight	Mds 12,224	Mds 5,341	Mds 6,883	..
Amount.....	Rs. 4,357	Rs. 1,457	Rs. 2,900	..
TREASURE—				
Weight	Mds 1,563	Mds 611	Mds 952	..
Amount.....	Rs. 1,921	Rs. 170	Rs. 1,751	..
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weight	Mds 33,062	Mds 46,369	..	Mds 13,187
Amount.....	Rs. 99,83	Rs. 8,929	Rs. 1,039	..
TOTAL—				
Weight	Mds 1,45,011	Mds 1,16,408	Mds 28,513	..
Amount.....	Rs. 56,804	Rs. 39,777	Rs. 26,717	..

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 21st instant are published for general information :—

Kurrachee.—Rain at Jerruck 4 cents, Badu 8 cents. Weather cloudy, high monsoon winds. River at Kotri on the 16 feet 2 inches, 8 inches lower than on same date last year ; breach in Buckhrani Bund, Taluka Ghorabari. Measles in Jati taluka ; cattle-disease in two Talukas.

Shikarpur.—River 1 foot 8 inches lower than on same date last year. Crops except on West Nara do. ing well. Want of water at tails of Distr. Small pox prevalent. Weather close, rain expected.

Hyderabad.—Kharif crops appear promising, but for rice cultivation more water is wanted in Badin taluka ; fair rain in five talukas. Fever of mild type in three, and small-pox in two. Want of water being felt in some talukas ; river 8 inches lower on 19th than on same date last year.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Weather very hot and sultry with dust storms, occasionally cloudy, no rain. Kharij sowings continue, early crops healthy, extent above average. Public health improving.

Ahmedabad.—Rain 2·75, total 17·31. Bajri seed washed away in Dasknoi and Dholka by heavy fall, sowing and resowing operations progressing.

Panch Mahals.—Heavy rains at Halol and Kalol on 15th, frequent showers in Godhra. Sowings progressing.

Kaira.—Heavy rainfall in two talukas, moderate in others, total 34 inches at Kaira. Sowing and rice planting progressing. Health good.

Broach.—Rain 12·95, total 33·43. Cotton crops washed away owing to excessive rain. Public health good.

Surat.—Rain 3·17, total 19·37. Rice transplanting commenced, break wanted, excessive rain did slight damage in Pardi. Fever in two talukas.

Khandesh.—Rain scanty. Sowing operations hindered, crops withering in places. Health good.

Nasik.—Weather fine, sufficient rain in seven talukas, slight in three, more urgently wanted in Yeola and eastern part of Sinnar. Prices stationary. Health good.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain every day, total of week 0·32 inch, total to date 57·83, being 0·10 above average. Abnormal temperature rose from *nil* on 14th to 2° warm on the 17th, and then kept steady till the end of the week. Vapour in air normal. Abnormal wind westerly till 16th, afterwards *nil*.

Thana.—Rain 5·18, total 47·97. Transplantation progressing.

Kolaba.—(Report for week ending 19th instant).—Rain 3·82, total 45.04. Fever and cattle-disease in Pen and Mahad. Transplantation of rice crops commenced in all the talukas.

Ratnagiri.—(Report for week ending 13th inst.) —Rain 3·24, total 54.55. Transplantation of grics completed, plants healthy. Slight fever throughout district ; cattle-disease in Chiplun and Khed talukas.

Poona.—Maximum rainfall at Maval 3.24, minimum Sirur 5 cents, no rain at Bhimthadi and Indapur where it is wanted.

Ahmednagar.—Rainfall (maximum at Akola 1·78, minimum at Nagar 2 cents, fall insufficient. Kharif sowing progressing in parts of all talukas, except Kopargaon and Shrigonda, young crops withering in Karjat. Slight ague in Shevgaon and Karjat ; slight cattle-disease in Shrigonda.

Sholapur.—Rain 1·8, total 6.18. Kharif sowing continues. Rain urgently required in some talukas. Public health good.

Satara.—Rain 1·48, total 12·18. Crops doing well. Rain wanted in eastern talukas.

Kaladgi.—No rain. Young crops doing well, but further sowing retarded.

Belgaum.—Rain 1·91, total 16·69 ; much wanted in Gokak, Athni and Parasgad, also required elsewhere.

Dharwar.—Rain 1·47. Rice crops progressing ; sowing of jowari commenced. Fever still prevalent.

Kanara.—Rain at Karwar 6·87, total 55·57 ; maximum at Siddapur 7·60, minimum at Haliyal 2 inches. Agricultural prospects good.

Rajkot.—Rain 1·68, total 9·31. Sowing completed, crops promising. Health good.

Wadhwan.—Public health good. Satisfactory accounts from States in Jhalavad Prant. Prices decreasing.

Baroda.—Rain 6·05, total 19 inches. Sowing retarded in Baroda division by continuous rain. Prospects generally good. Prices stationary.

General Remarks.—Prospects continue favourable except in parts of Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, and Sholapur, where more rain is urgently needed. In Gujarat the rainfall has been excessive and fair weather needed. Fever still prevalent in Southern Maratha Country. Some want of water in parts of Sind.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

EXCERPTS from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on the 22nd instant.

Read letter from the Superintendent, P and O Company, dated 2nd July, complaining of the state in which the latrines at Prince's Dock are kept. Read report by Acting Resident Engineer dated 10th July, explaining how the latrines are cleaned, and stating that the only improvement he can suggest is that they be flushed six times instead of three times a day. He estimate the additional cost of doing this at Rs. 90 a month. Resolution.—The additional expense be sanctioned as a temporary measure, and the Resident Engineer should report the cost of taking a supply of sea water from the dock so as to ensure a continual flow of water through the latrines.

Read letter from Messrs. T. H. Moore and Company, dated 12th July, asking that a reduction be made in the Dock charges on 2,633 bundles linseed cake, weighing 2,963 cwts exported by them. They state that they have been charged Rs. 3-4 per ton, and they consider that the rate should be reduced to one half so as to make it the same as linseed. They also ask for a refund of the difference between

her to hospital, where she was detained till 14 days ago when she was discharged. Her condition in hospital was very precarious, so that the Court recorded her dying declaration, though not in the presence of the accused, who was then at large.

The further hearing of the case was postponed.—*Englishman.*

MADRAS.

THE HARBOUR WORKS.—The Secretary of State has sanctioned the re-engagement of Mr. Love, of the Madras Harbour Works, whose covenant expires shortly, for a further period of eighteen months.

THE FRACAS BETWEEN GENTLEMEN ON THE RAILWAY.—In our report of the proceeding before Mr. Welsh, at Arconum, it ought to have been mentioned that neither Captain Archer nor Mr. Henry was present at the investigation. Captain Archer sent in a medical certificate and was represented by Mr. Tasker, and Mr. Henry appeared by his Agent Mr. Tasker.—*Times.*

MADRAS IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY.—The latest news regarding the affairs of this Company is that a few days ago the Chief Engineer of the Company applied for funds, when he was informed by telegraph by the Secretary of State that the Company were bound to keep the Canal in proper working order, that Government were only bound to advance them the amount of their half-yearly earnings, and that if more money was wanted they should look to their own resources: if the Company did not keep the Canal in working order, a notice should be served upon the Company's representatives in India, under a section of the contract. The Chief Engineer has, therefore, been compelled to dispense with the services of his Assistant Engineers with the exception of one, who has come out from England under a special covenant.—*Madras Times.*

COLONEL MACDONALD AND NATIVE COMMUNITY.—A meeting of members of the native community was held on Tuesday evening to adopt some measure to recognise the services, in the cause of education, of Colonel Macdonald, late Director of Public Instruction. There was a good attendance, Mr. Ramachendra Iyer then moved the following resolution:—That a gold medal in the name of Colonel Macdonald be awarded annually in any College attached to the Madras University, and which is conducted on a secular basis, to any student who gets the B. A. Science Examination for the B. A. Degree obtains the highest number of marks. Mr. Ramachendra Iyer explained why the medal was given for the results of the B. A. Science Examination, and then he passed on to say that as they had all along thoroughly appreciated the policy which Colonel Macdonald had adopted with regard to education, consistency required that they should show in some marked manner their emphatic approval of that policy. A Committee to collect subscriptions was appointed.

THE PETROLEUM BILL.

Preliminary.

1. This Act may be called "The Petroleum Act, 1880";

and it shall come into force on the first day of January, 1881.

The provisions of this Act relating to—

(*a*) dangerous petroleum, and

(*b*) the importation of first class and second class petroleum,

extend to the whole of British India. The rest of this Act extends only to such local areas as the Local Government may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, direct.

2. The Indian Ports Act, 1875, section thirty-seven, and Bengal Act No. III of 1865 (to make better provision for the prevention of injury from fire in ports, and to provide for the safe keeping of inflammable oils in ports and places within the Provinces under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal) are hereby repealed.

3. In this Act, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

"Petroleum" includes also the liquids commonly known by the names of rock oil, Rangoon oil, Burma oil, kerosine, paraffine oil, mineral oil, petroline, gasoline, benzol, benzoline, benzine and any inflammable liquid that is made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, peat or any other bituminous substance, or from any products of petroleum.

But does not include any oil ordinarily used for lubricating purposes, and having its flashing point at or above two hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer.

Explanation.—The flashing point of petroleum means the lowest temperature at which the petroleum yields a vapour which will furnish a momentary flash or flame when tested with the apparatus and in the manner described in the Schedule hereto annexed.

"First class petroleum" means petroleum having its flashing points at or above one hundred and three degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer:

"Second class petroleum" means petroleum having its flashing point at or above eighty-three, but below one hundred and three degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer:

"Dangerous petroleum having its flashing point below eighty three degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer;—

"Import" means to bring into British India by sea or land:

and "importation" means the bringing into British India as aforesaid.

"Transport" means to remove from one place to another within British India: "Ship" includes anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or property:

"Master" includes every person (except a Pilot or Harbour Master) having for the time being the charge or control of a ship:

"Magistrate" means, in the Presidency-towns, a Presidency Magistrate, and elsewhere a Magistrate of the first class or (when specially empowered by the Local Government to try cases under this Act) a Magistrate of the second class: and "Owner" includes also any agent to whom a ship is consigned.

First class and second class Petroleum.

4. The Local Government may, from time to time, make rules to regulate the importation of first class petroleum; and second class petroleum, and in particular—

(*a*) for ascertaining the quantity and description of any such petroleum on board a ship.

(*b*) to provide for the delivery by the master of a ship of samples of such petroleum and for the testing thereof before such petroleum is landed from such ship;

(*c*) to determine the places at which only such petroleum may be landed; and

(*d*) to regulate the time and mode of, and the precautions to be taken on, landing or transhipping any such petroleum.

5. No quantity of first class petroleum exceeding five hundred gallons, and no quantity of second class petroleum exceeding forty gallons, shall be kept by any one person or on the same premises or shall be transported except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under this Act.

6. The Local Government may from time to time make rules as to the granting of licenses to possess or transport first and second class petroleum in cases where such licenses are by law required.

Such rules may provide for the following among other matters, that is to say—

in the case of licenses to possess petroleum—

(*a*) the nature and situation of the premises for which they may be granted, and

(*b*) the inspection of licensed premises and the testing of petroleum found thereon;

in the case of licenses to transport petroleum—

(*c*) the manner in which such petroleum shall be packed, the mode of transit, and the route by which it is to be taken, and

(*d*) the stoppage and inspection of it during transit;

in the case of both such licenses—

(*e*) the authority by which the license may be granted;

(*f*) the fee to be charged for it;

(*g*) the quantity of petroleum it is to cover;

(*h*) the conditions which may be inserted in it;

(*j*) the time during which it is to continue in force; and

(*k*) the renewal of the licence.

Dangerous Petroleum.

7. No quantity of dangerous petroleum exceeding forty gallons shall be imported or transported, or kept by any one person or on the same premises, except under, and in accordance with the conditions of, a license from the Local Government granted as next hereinafter provided.

Every application for such a license shall be in writing, and shall declare—

(*a*) the quantity of such petroleum which it is desired to import, transport or possess, as the case may be;

(*b*) the purpose for which the applicant believes that such petroleum will be used; and

(*c*) that petroleum other than dangerous petroleum cannot be used for such purpose.

If the Local Government sees reason to believe that such petroleum will be used for such purpose and that no petroleum other than dangerous petroleum can be used for such purposes, it may grant such license for the importation, transport or possession (as the case may be) of such petroleum, absolutely or subject to such conditions as it thinks fit.

8. No quantity of dangerous petroleum equal to or less than forty gallons shall be kept or transported without a license:

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply in any case when the quantity of such petroleum kept by any one person or on the same premises or transported does not exceed three gallons and such petroleum is placed in separate glass, earthenware or metal vessels each of which contains not more than a pint and is securely stopped.

9. Except as hereinbefore provided, the provisions contained in sections four and six in respect of first and second class petroleum shall apply also to dangerous petroleum.

Petroleum generally.

10. All petroleum—

(*a*) which is kept at any place after seven days from the date on which it is imported,

(*b*) which is transported, or

(*c*) which is sold or exposed for sale,

shall be contained in vessels which shall bear an indelible mark or label in conspicuous characters stating what description of petroleum herein specified the same is.

11. Any officer specially authorized in this behalf by the Local Government may require any dealer in petroleum to show him any place, and any of the vessels, in which any petroleum in his possession is stored or contained, to give him such assistance as he may require for examining the same and to deliver to him samples of such petroleum on payment of the value of such samples.

12. When any such officer has, in exercise of the powers conferred by section eleven, or by purchased, obtained a sample of petroleum in the possession of a dealer, he may give a notice in writing to such dealer informing him that he is about to test such sample or cause the same to be tested with the apparatus and in the manner described in the Schedule hereto annexed, at a time and place to be fixed in such notice, and that such person or his Agent may be present at such testing.

13. On any such testing, if it appears to the officer or other person so testing that the petroleum from which such sample has been taken is first class, second class, or dangerous petroleum, such officer or other person may certify such fact, and the certificate so given shall be receivable as evidence in any proceedings which may be taken under this Act against the dealer in whose possession such petroleum was found; and shall be *prima facie* proof of the fact stated therein.

Penalties.

14. Any person who, in contravention of this Act or of any rules, made hereunder, imports, possesses or transports any petroleum, and any person who otherwise contravenes any such rules or any condition contained in a license granted hereunder, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

15. Any person keeping, transporting, selling, or exposed for sale petroleum in vessels not marked as prescribed by section ten shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

16. Any dealer in petroleum who refuses or neglects to show to any officer authorised under section eleven any place, or any of the vessels, in which petroleum in his possession is stored or contained, or to give him such assistance as he may require for examining the same, or to give him samples of such petroleum on payment of the value of such samples, shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

17. In any case in which an offence under section fourteen or section fifteen has been convicted, the convicting Magistrate may direct that,—

(*a*) the petroleum in respect of which the offence has been committed, or

(*b*) where the offender is importing or transporting or is in possession of any petroleum exceeding the quantity (if any) which he is permitted to import, transport or possess, as the case may be, the whole of the petroleum which he is importing or transporting or is in possession of shall be confiscated.

Miscellaneous.

18. All rules made by the Local Government under this Act shall be published in the official Gazette, and shall thereupon, so far as they are consistent with this Act, have the force of law:

Provided that no such rule shall be so published without the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council.

19. The Governor General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of Indian*, extend the whole or any portion of this Act to any inflammable substance other than petroleum, and may by such notification fix, in substitution for the quantities of petroleum fixed by sections five, seven and eight, the quantities of such substance to which these sections shall apply.

The Governor General in Council may by a like notification cancel any notification issued under this section.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

For some time past the dangerous nature of the inflammable oils which are being imported into this country has been engaging the attention of Government. In November 1878, the notice of the Government of India was first drawn to the subject by the Government of Bombay, with a view, if necessary, to legislation being resorted to to check the importation of dangerous oils. On a reference being made to the Government of Bengal as to the expediency of such legislation, it was found that the subject had already been for some time before that Government, and that a Committee had been appointed for the purpose of considering the question of these oils in all its bearings. This Committee, which was composed of officials, experts and gentlemen interested in the trade, has presented its report, in which it strongly urges the necessity for legislation, and puts forwards certain recommendations as to the lines on which in its opinion such legislation should proceed.

2. These recommendations follow, with certain modifications, introduced to meet the special circumstances, climatic and otherwise, of India, the outlines of 34 & 35 Vic., cap. 105 (since amended by 42 & 43 Vic., cap. 47), which is the principal Act governing this subject in the United Kingdom. They appear well adapted to carry out the object which the Committee had in view, namely, practical security of life and property, with the minimum of restrictions on an important and rapidly developing trade.

3. The following is the general substance of the conclusions of the Committee:—

1*st*.—All petroleum should be divided into three classes namely,—

According to Abel's close test.

(*a*) first class petroleum with a flashing point at or above 103° F.;

(*b*) second class petroleum with a flashing point between 83° and 103° F.;

(*c*) dangerous petroleum with a flashing point below 83° F.

2*ndly*.—All petroleum should be tested by Abel's close test, which has recently been adopted in the United Kingdom (see 42 & 43 Vic., cap. 47, the Petroleum Act, 1879), for the purposes of the Petroleum Act, 1871, in preference to the old or open test which was fixed by that Act.

3*rdly*.—As second class petroleum flashes only at a temperature of 83°, or 10° higher than the temperature (73°) at which petroleum is considered safe enough to be exempted from the provisions of the English Petroleum Act (see 42 & 43 Vic., cap. 47), and may therefore be regarded as at all events fairly safe, the importation, storage, and transport of such petroleum, as well as of first class petroleum, should be left reasonably free, while the importation, storage and transport of dangerous petroleum, if not actually prohibited, should be subjected to such severe restrictions as practically to be so for purposes of ordinary use.

4. The Government of India has considered this report, and is disposed to concur generally in its conclusions and in the scheme of legislation contained in the Committee's recommendations. As the Government of Madras and the Chief Commissioner of Burma, as well as the Governments of Bombay and Bengal, are in favour of legislation, the Government of India is willing to accept the recommendation of the Committee, that the legislation to be undertaken should be in the Council of the Governor General, and accordingly the present Bill, which embodies generally the recommendations of the Committe, has been prepared.

5. As it seems desirable to check at once, and generally, the trade in dangerous petroleum (and it would be unfair if all ports were not put on the same footing as to the importation of first class and second class petroleum), the provisions of the Bill relating to dangerous petroleum and the importation of first class and second class petroleum are made to extend to the whole of India; but its other provisions are only applicable at the discretion of the Local Government.

The details of the measure have been left in a great measure to rules to be framed by the Local Government, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, as this seems the most convenient course in a case of this sort, where the local circumstances and peculiar features of the trade of various places have to be considered.

6. A section has been added to the Bill corresponding with section 14 of 34 & 35 Vic., cap. 105, enabling the Governor General in Council hereafter to extend the Act to substances other than petroleum, and to adapt certain of the provisions of the Act as to the case of such substances.

7. The length of the penultimate which was by an oversight omitted from the description of Professor Abel's test in the first schedule to the 42 &43 Vic., cap. 47, has been inserted in a footnote to the schedule of that Act on information furnished by Mr. Fidler.

8. The opportunity has been taken to repeal the thirty seventh section of the Indian Ports Act relating to inflammable oils, and Bengal Act No. III. of 1865, which regulates in Calcutta and Howrah the importation and storage of imflammable oils, as the present Bill will make those enactments unnecessary.

BANKS.

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J. BUCHAN
Acting Manager.
Bombay, 1st December 1877.

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Clears the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value,
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White do "	4 4	Bridal Leather Pair	2 8	Pomatum Bottles	1 8
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Ladies' do do "	10 8	Cheiers Belts "	5 8	Tooth Paste Pot "	1 4
Fitted Morocco Bags Rs. 40 to 45	0	Chairs without Arms "	5 8	Nail Brushes 2 sizes "	1 8
Tiffin Baskets "	25 0	With do. "	7 8	Arms and Leg Rests "	1 8
Canteens, fitted complete "	25 0	Cotton Pillows "	1 8	Sponge Bags "	1 8
Solid Leather Hat Cases "	32 0	Leather Purses "	2 0	Marine Soap, 4 Cakes "	1 0
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Dressing Gowns from	10 to 20 0	Solid Leather do.	from 40 0	China Bath Slippers	1 0
Pyjamas "	4 8	Black Hide Bags	" 11 8	Filters for Travellers covered Wicker, from	14 0
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Best Flannel Shirts	8 8	Gents' Bags, fitted	" 72 0	Sponges	0 12 to 1 8
Silk and Wool do.	8 8	Ladies' Bags, fitted	" 35 8	Soap Boxes	1-0 to 1 8
Spun Silk do.	11 8	Gents' Dressing Cases	" 11 8	Smelling Salts, per bottle	2 0
Gents' Under Vests	2-8 to 6 0	Soiled Linen Bags, all sizes	5 to 6 0	Aromatic Vinegar	2 8
Bathing Drawers from	2 8	Courier Bags	6-8 to 8 8	Tooth Brush Guards	0 12
Gents' Under Pants	4 to 8 8	Money Belts	2-8 to 6 8	Do. Brushes	0 12
Silk Suspenders	2 8	Sovereign Boxes	3-8 to 4 0	Nail do.	1 0
Gents' Cotton Socks from	12 to 15 8	Tiffin Basket fitted	12 0	Hair Brushes and Combs in Pig-skin case	10 8 to 12 8
Warm do.	15 8	Air Pillows, Cotton	6 0	Rodney Ivory Handles	1 to 3 8
Ladies' Under Vests	4-8 to 6 8	Travelling do.	2 0	Do. Strops	3-8 to 4 8
Ladies' Wool do.	6 8	English Feather do.	7 8	Nail Scissors	1-8 to 2 8
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose from	per pair 2 0	Rug Straps	1-8 to 2 8	Brine Rock Pipes	1-8 to 3 8
Children's White Cotton Socks from	per doz. 6-8 to 12 8	Waterproof Coats	10 0	Tobacco Pouches	1 8
Chittagong Heather Merino & Plain Colours	doz. 6-8 to 12 8	60-inch Drab Twill Waterproof Sheeting	6 8	Pocket Knives	1-8 to 3 0
Ladies' Silk & Travelling Hats, from	5 to 15 0	42-inch White do.	4 8	Marine Soap, 3 cakes for	1 8
Gents' Travelling Caps	4 8	Linon-faced Collars doz.	As. 12 to 0 14	Shaving do. Stick "Pears"	1 8
Gents' Travelling Sun-skin Caps	6 to 8 8	Linen-faced Cuffs "	1 8	Lloyd's Euxesis	1 8
Travelling Hats	4 to 6 8	Linen Collars	6 8	Fragant Florilline	1 8
Cardigan Jackets	9-8 to 12 8	Cambric Handkerchiefs doz.	5 0	Overland Chairs, best Beech	6-8 to 13 8
Sheets, per pair	9 0	Warm Gloves	1-8 to 2 8	Lougcan Ladies, per doz.	0 12
Blankets, each	10 8	Mitts	1 8	Hat Guards	0 8
		Mufflers	2 12	Ladies' Overland Chairs from	6 8
		Pith Scarfs	2 8	Gents " " "	9 8

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